Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIII. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1868. NUMBER 312.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Meeting of the English House of Commons—Reverdy Johnson Addresses a Deputation of Workingmen—The Naturalization Treaty—Reduction of the Spanish Budget—The Eastern Difficulty—Turkey Actively Preparing for War.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, December 30.—Hon. Stafford H. Northcote succeeds the Earl of Kimberly as Governor of the Hudson Bay Company.

MANCHESTER, December 30.—The house of William Brnner & Company, heavy dealers in manufactured cottons, suspended yesterday. They had extensive connections.

The weather throughout England continues wet and mild.

LONDON, December 30.—The new House of Commons met yesterday for preliminary business only. The Ministers who were re-elected took the oath of office. Writs were issued for elections to fill the vacant seats, after which the House adjourned until the 16th of February.

Reverdy Johnson, in a speech yesterday to a deputation of the London Working Men's Society, said the naturalization treaty between the United States and Great Britain was certain of ratification by the United States Senate. The treaty provides that a British subject who has been naturalized in the United States shall have the same rights to protection on his return to Great Britain as a native born American.

It is the general impression that the Conservatives will be successful in the elections for members of Parliament to fill vacancies.

SPAIN.

MADRID, December 30.—The government will despatch ten thousand soldiers from Cadiz to Cuba and Porto Rico, during January.

MADRID, December 30.—For the purpose of reducing the Budget for the coming year, a suppression of thirty-seven of the Captain Generalships, Governorships and Bishopricks has been suggested.

Marshal Pavia, recently Governor General of Madrid, is dead.

TURKEY.

LONDON, December 30.—The following dispatch from Constantinople, dated yesterday, comprises the latest news on the Eastern question:

"Great preparations are making in the arsenals on account of the threatened war with Greece. Transports loaded with supplies have been sent to Hobart Pacha's fleet."

GREECE.

VIENNA, December 30.—The *Presse* says the Greek Government is ready to comply with the recent demands made by Turkey, and is supported by the great Powers of Europe.

FRANCE.

PARIS, December 30.—Official papers speak confidently of the meeting and success of the Conference.

ARRIVED OUT.

SOUTHAMPTON, December 30. — The steamer Bavaria, from New Orleans, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 30—*Evening.*—Consols, for money, 92¼; for account, 92¼a 92⅝; 5-20s at 74⅝. Stocks are quiet and steady; Eries, 26¼; Illinois, 95⅛; Atlantic & Great Western, 45¾.

FRANKFORT, December 30.—U. S. bonds firm at 78⅞.

PARIS, December 30.—Rentes 69 francs 97 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, December 30.—Cotton is active and ⅛d higher, with sales of 20,000 bales; middling uplands, 10¼@11¼d, and Orleans, 11d. Breadstuffs—California white Wheat 11s 9d, and No. 2 red western, 9s 10d @10s. Corn has declined to 37s 9d@37s 10d. Oats, Barley and Peas are unchanged. Provisions—Lard is firmer at 65s 6d. Pork is firm at 87s 6d. Beef, 105s. Cheese, 69s. Bacon, 54s. Petroleum and naval stores are quiet and unchanged. Tallow, 48s 3d.

LONDON, December 30.—Tallow, 47s 6d. Turpentine, 28s 6d. Sugar quiet.

ANTWERP, December 30.—Petroleum is quiet at 14 francs.

HAVRE, December 30.—Cotton is excited 125 francs on the spot and to arrive.

PARIS, December 30.—The Bourse closed firmer. Rentes, 70 francs 15 centimes.

CHICAGO.

Man Almost Boiled to Death--The Late Mrs. Augustus N. Dickens--Fire and Police Statistics—Fires.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Yesterday noon Jno. Ryan, a German, while warming his dinner in a tin pail, fell into a tank of boiling water at the Union Stock Yards and was terribly scalded before extricated. His injuries were not fatal.

It has been proved in Court that the late Mrs. Augustus N. Dickens left real and personal property worth $3,800. An acquaintance of Charles Dickens, in this city, says that Dickens' brother fled from England with the lately deceased woman, deserting his wife, whom the novelist supported comfortably.

Archbishop Kenrick, of St. Louis, is visiting Bishop Duggan, of this city, who is unwell.

During last year there were three hundred and fifty fires in this city, entailing a total loss of $2,964,785. It cost for the year $300,000 to run the fire department.

Last year the police of this city made 22,707 arrests. The property stolen amounted to $275,000, of which $198,216 was recovered. About $143,000 were levied in fines. The expense of the police department is about $450,000 a year.

Yesterday three stores were destroyed by fire in Lacoa, Ill. This morning a hotel, drug store and one dwelling house were also burned. Loss heavy, but covered by insurance.

The Cuban Insurrection.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, December 30.—The *Diaro* publishes rambling accounts of unimportant successes of troops over the revolutionists. No authentic advices have been received from revolutionary sources. A unconfirmed rumor is in circulation that the revolutionary General Quesada landed with arms and men at Laguayra from Nassau

CINCINNATI.

A Horrible Murder and Suicide—An Aged Couple the Victims—Jealousy the Cause.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, December 30.—A horrible murder and suicide took place in this city this morning at two o'clock. Wm. Ashback killed his wife Josephine by blows on the head with a hatchet and stabbing her once in the left side with a butcher knife. He then shot himself through the head with an Enfield rifle, the ball entering the left lower jaw and tearing away the right back part of the head, scattering his brains all over the room. The deed was done in an upper room of the residence, and both parties were partially undressed. The husband had for months threatened to take the life of his wife. It was a second marriage for both, and they had been married four years. Their ages were sixty-five and fifty-seven respectively. He was a basket maker and she kept a confectionary on the first floor of the residence, 570 Central avenue. None but the victims were in the house at the time of the tragedy. The officers heard the woman's cries and the report of the gun and broke into the house. Death in both cases was instantaneous. They had retired in different rooms. She was jealous of his visits to a woman, a keeper of a saloon, and he was *doubly* jealous of her on all occasions. They also quarreled about their property, each owning some real estate, and she making more money by her store than he by his trade. They had temporarily separated a couple of times since their marriage. She was on the eve of applying for a divorce. He leaves six children by his first marriage.

The verdict of the Coroner in the case was in accordance with the facts above given.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—George Francis Train was enthusiastically welcomed to Omaha by the Fenians.

—The number of deaths in Philadelphia last year was fourteen thousand five hundred.

—The Alabama Legislature adjourns *sine die* to-day. The next session commences July next.

—In Montreal, Canada, much destitution exists among the poor and soup kitchens have again been opened.

—Prince & Backersack's distillery, on Forty-eighth street, New York, was burned on Tuesday night. Loss $30,000.

—Hinds, Allen & Co., hop dealers, at Richfield Springs, Oswego county, New York, have failed, with liabilities reported at $200,000.

—The Board of Councilmen of New York city have subscribed $1,500,000 to the capital stock of the New York and Brooklyn Bridge Company.

—The statement is made that General Grant has been advised by letter to appoint Jeff Davis as his Secretary of War, as a peace measure.

—Charles Douglas' furniture establishment, 65 Asylum street, Hartford, Conn., was damaged to the extent of $15,000 by fire last night. Fully insured.

—At Cleveland, Ohio, yesterday, Lewis Davis, for the murder of D. P. Skinner, of Independence, this fall, was sentenced to be hanged February the fourth.

—Jas. W. Ford, formerly a well-known portrait painter at Richmond, Va., was buried at Philadelphia yesterday, having died rather suddenly, in obscurity, on Sunday.

—Mrs. Tahkenburg, of Cincinnati, died on Monday last from taking arsenic, supposing it cream tartar. The mistake was owing to a misunderstanding of the nature of the prescription.

—The last rail on the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad, to connect Albany with Binghampton, was laid yesterday. The road will be open for through business on the 12th of January.

—President Johnson, it is said, favors the pardon of the assassination conspirators now at Dry Tortugas, under his recent proclamation, but most of the Cabinet members oppose this step.

—At Toronto, Canada, Mitchell's house-furnishing establishment was gutted by fire Tuesday night. The adjoining store of Sutherland, tailor, was considerably damaged. Losses covered by insurance.

—Fish Commissioners of different States met in convention at New York on Tuesday evening. From addresses delivered it appears that the fish in our rivers are being depleted by over-seining during the spawning season.

—The public debt statement for December will show an increase of some two millions—in consequence of the increase of the expenses of the War Department, caused by the Indian war, and the falling off in Customs receipts.

—Patrick Pieman and George Groning had a scuffle in New York city on Tuesday evening, during which the former was stabbed to the heart, and staggering to a neighboring store died in a few moments. Groning was arrested.

—The testimony in the Twitchell-Hill homicide case, at Philadelphia, on Tuesday and yesterday, was regarded as immensely in favor of the accused, whose confidence of acquittal has greatly increased. The trial, it is thought, will last at least a week longer.

—At Jackson, Pa., on Thursday of last week, a sleighing party while going to an entertainment endeavored to cross a pond on which the ice had been cut. The thin ice gave way, and thirty persons are reported to have been drowned, the driver alone escaping.

—Augustus Perry, *alias* Blanchard, has been arrested in Ogdensburg, N. Y., and Harry Jennings and Charles Stedman in Boston, charged with robbing the broker's office of Charles H. Gooding, in Boston, over two years ago, of ten thousand dollars in gold coin. The accused were held to answer the charge.

—The trial of Wm. Brooks and Charles Orem, for the murder of Theodore Brodnead, near Delaware Water Gap, a few months since, commenced on Monday. The most important witness is Thomas Brodhead, who was with his brother at the time the murder was committed.

—John Fogarty, a drunken Irish laborer, living in Cicero, a suburb of Chicago, on Tuesday beat his wife so severely with an iron instrument that she was dead before the neighbors arrived. The Coroner's jury found a verdict of willful murder against Fogarty, who was immediately arrested.

—Two men, named Townsend and Dillon, employes of the Merchants Bank at Montreal, Canada, have been arrested on a charge of stealing from the Bank. The charge is based on the fact of their having advanced funds to one J. C. Frank, who has absconded. The accused were admitted to bail.

—The Dunleith and Dubuque Railroad bridge across the Mississippi river was tested on Tuesday in presence of several engineers and railroad men. The deflection beneath the weight of five locomotives, weighing two hundred and forty-five tons, was about two inches. The bridge was opened to traffic on the 22d inst

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Snow Storm—Revenue Decision—Regulation for Survey of Distilleries—Appropriation Bill.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, December 30, 1868.

SNOW STORM.

A heavy snow storm prevails here. Sufficient snow has fallen to afford very good sleighing.

APPROPRIATION BILL.

The Committee on Appropriations is still in session maturing a bill for the early action of Congress.

REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided to allow the repacking of stocks of tobacco now on hand in bulk packages into packages to conform with the recent legislation by Congress, under the supervision of a Government Inspector.

NEW REVENUE REGULATIONS.

Acting Commissioner Harlan has issued supplemental regulations intended to secure correctness in monthly reports of Assessors of tax on distilled spirits.

The Acting Commissioner has also issued instructions as to the survey of distilleries, in which it is stated, in estimating the number of dry inches to be allowed for fermentation, the Assessor and person designated to aid him must be governed in a great measure by the depth of the fermenting tubs, from the best information received. It is believed a fair allowance will be from three to seven dry inches for corn and any mixture of corn and rye, not exceeding one-half rye to one-half corn, and from seven to twelve dry inches for rye and any mixture of rye exceeding one-half.

ST. LOUIS.

Appropriation for the Poor—The Scan. Mag. Case—Rivalry With Chicago—Stern vs. Side-Wheel Steamboats.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 30.—The County Court to-day appropriated ten thousand dollars for the poor of the city.

The lady who was arrested last night in an assignation house, it is alleged, was admitted to bail to-day in $2,000 to appear before the Court of Criminal Correction January 6th, to answer the charge of adultery. The lady denies the charge against her and asserts she went to the house in which she was arrested on business connected with a law suit brought by her former husband for the possession of her children.

In view of an effort being made to make Chicago a purchasing depot for Government supplies, with the intention of shipping by Railroad to Sioux City and thence by stern-wheel steamers to the different forts on the Upper Missouri River, a Committee, appointed by the Merchants Exchange of this city, has made a report to the Underwriters comparing the losses of stern wheel boats. The argument used in favor of the above movement being based on the number of losses of stern wheel boats last season between here and Sioux city, the Committee recommend the Underwriters, for the protection of the trade and insurance of St. Louis, as well as for the protection of the Government which it insures, to raise the standard of stern-wheel inspection to something equal to that of side-wheel inspection. The Committee show that over two hundred and fifty voyages were by side-wheel boats in the Missouri river last season without the loss of a dollar to either the Government or private parties, while eight stern-wheel boats, together with cargoes, were totally lost.

GEORGIA.

Serious Trouble With Negroes—Sheriff's Posse Resisted—White Women and Children Carried off.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, December 30.—The Sheriff of this county and two assistants on Tuesday went to Hayward's plantation, on the Ogeeche river, eleven miles from the city, to arrest seventeen negroes charged with shooting a watchman on the plantation and carrying off the crops of the planters. They made five arrests at Station No. 1 on the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad. They were surrounded by about one hundred armed negroes, who rescued the prisoners and disarmed and robbed the Sheriff, destroyed his warrants and threatened to kill him if he ever served a legal process again in that vicinity. The negroes then separated into squads and marched back to the plantations, avowing that they would have the heart's blood of every white man on the Ogeeche River, saying "the war has commenced." One negro watchman is supposed to be murdered. Two white men were badly hurt and all the white men were obliged to flee to the city to save their lives. The women and children are in the hands of the mob and have been carried off into the woods. Great excitement exists in this community and a sheriff's posse of between three and four hundred citizens will leave at daybreak to-morrow to rescue the women and children. The military decline to interfere until the power of the civil authorities for preserving order are exhausted.

RICHMOND, VA.

Final Release of Sally Anderson—Death of a Revolutionary Soldier.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Va., December 30.—Sally Anderson, who was released from the execution of the death sentence by Judge Underwood, and afterwards re-arrested by the Mayor, was finally set free. The county authorities made no requisition for her, the attorney for the county putting it on the ground that if the Court made requisition and executed her, it would be in direct disobedience of Judge Underwood's decision, and it could not try her again without conceding that all its actions since July were illegal and nugatory.

Mosby Clark, born in June, 1747, died yesterday, aged one hundred and twenty-one years and six months. He was wagon-driver during the revolutionary war.

—The street railway passenger depot of the Richmond line, on Lehigh avenue, Philadelphia, was burned on Wednesday morning, with twenty-two cars. The depot was occupied by the Bridesburg cars, which are heated by stoves. One of these stoves set fire to the cars, and the flames spread so rapidly that the men in the office were obliged to break away the iron bars from the windows in order to make their escape.

NEW YORK CITY.

National Institute of Letters, Arts and Sciences—Court Cases—Decline in Coal—State and Municipal License Laws—Secret College Association Convention—Extensive Livery Stable Burned—Loss $200,000.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 30, 1868.

A meeting took place last night at the National Institute of Letters, Arts and Sciences. Two new Academies were created, that of Natural Science and that of Mechanical, Physical and Mathematical Science. Officers were elected for both Academies.

In the United States District Court to-day the venue in the Blaisdell and Eckel alleged whisky fraud cause was set aside for informality and the trial postponed to next Tuesday.

In the Superior Court Judge Cardozo granted a stay of proceedings from the order of Judge Sutherland appointing Judge Davies receiver of the Erie Road, pending the decision of the motion to vacate the order which has recently been on argument before him.

At the auction sale of coal to-day prices were one dollar to one dollar and a half per ton lower than last month.

Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton is stopping in Brooklyn.

The commercial travelers held another meeting to-day, at which it was stated that Attorney General Evarts had expressed himself to their Committee as opposed to the present State and municipal license laws, as conflicting, and also that fifteen thousand dollars had been subscribed to test the said laws before the United States Supreme Court.

The annual Convention of the Seeta-Pi Fraternity, a secret college association, is in session in this city, with delegates present from all parts of the country.

A Consistorial Lodge of Sorrow was held this evening by the Cosmopolitan Consistory, in memory of the illustrious Brother Simon W. Robinson, of the Thirty-third Degree, Past Grand Commandery of the Supreme Council of the Northern Jurisdiction of the United States.

The livery stables of the Briggs Bros., the most extensive establishment of the kind in this city, occupying Nos. 119, 121 and 123 Twenty-third street, near Sixth avenue, and running through the entire block to Twenty-fourth street, were entirely destroyed by fire to-night. There were one hundred and fifty horses in the building, valued variously at from $500 to $1,500, all of which were either burned or suffocated. About twenty carriages, valued at about $1,500 each, together with harness, &c., were also destroyed. Total loss probably not less than $200,000; heavily insured.

NEW ORLEANS.

Steamboat Sunk—Steamship Seized and Released.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, December 30.—The steamboat Empire, hence for Cincinnati, was sunk below Natchez on Monday night. While laying up on account of the fog a bank caved in, and a large mass of earth falling on the boat sunk her. The vessel was valued at $20,000, and is insured in Western companies. The cargo was sugar and molasses, the value of which and insurance are not known.

The steamship Beaufort was seized this morning on suspicion of having arms, munitions and supplies for the Cuban revolutionists on board, but nothing suspicious being found the vessel was released this afternoon.

WASHINGTON, PA.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Pa., Dec. 30, 1868.

On last Monday the Teachers' Institute of this county convened in the Court House. It continued in session for five days. It was presided over by J. C. Gilchrist, the County Superintendent, a man in every way qualified for the responsible place he occupies.

The number of teachers in attendance was about two hundred. The whole number in the county is three hundred, and the number of children in the schools twelve thousand.

The sessions of the Institute were very interesting. A Prof. Northrop, of New Haven, Conn., and Prof. Henkle, of Salem, Ohio, were present all the time, and by their lectures gave evidence that they are men of rare qualifications as educators. Prof. Hull, of your city, was the elocutionist of the occasion. He gave an evening entertainment, and was greeted with a crowded house.

On Thursday evening the teachers of our public schools here gave an entertainment in the form of a "Sociable," to the Institute. It was a nice affair, and hugely enjoyed by all concerned. During the evening a handsome gold watch and chain were presented by the teachers of the county to the Superintendent. The presentation speech was made by Dr. Brownson, of our place, and was one of his happiest efforts. Mr. Gilchrist was taken by surprise, but succeeded in making an admirable response.

The cause of common school education is rapidly in the advance in our county; and this is to be attributed, in a great measure, to the energy and efficiency of our Superintendent, and to the impulses created at the annual sessions of the Teashers' Institute.

On Tuesday evening Mrs. Hanna's Seminary gave a concert. The music of the occasion, both vocal and instrumental, was excellect. Two of the teachers of the Seminary, Misses Fletcher and Harris, are very superior singers. Their voices, naturally sweet, are highly cultivated.

The Seminary, the College, and our Public Schools, are all having holidays.

One of the Professrs of our College, Prof. Twining, has resigned, and is going to teach some where in the West. No one has yet been selected to fill his place.

We have a Town Library. Its first anniversary is to be celebrated on next Friday evening. Its catalogue numbers between five and six hundred volumes already. It is the work of a few energetic ladies.

The question of building a town hall is being agitated. If this is done one of our citizens proposes to give a large sum of money to establish in connection with it a public library and reading room. The hall will be built. AMICUS.

A Dangerous Counterfeit.—It is reported that a most dangerous counterfeit five dollar treasury note is in circulation. It is said that the easiest mode of detection is by the green ornamental engraving lengthwise, which in the counterfeit is of a paler color and consequently has a brighter look than in the dark green of the original. Seen under the microscope, the engraving of the counterfeit is coarser than the original, and there are some misplacements or omissions, but to the naked eye it presents a genuine appearance.

The Cattle Epidemic—The Disease in New England—Mysterious Death of Three Cattle—The Cause, Symptoms, and Cure of the Disease.

A correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, writing from West Springfield, Mass., says:

The recent sudden and mysterious death of three cattle of the herd of Mr. Harvey D. Bogg, of this town, has created considerable interest among the farmers and herdsmen of this vicinity. A fortunate occurrence, in this connection, has also been the visit and professional examination of President John Gamgee, of the London Veterinary College, who, a day or two since, made thorough investigation of the circumstances attending the death of the animals, and pronounced upon the probable causes and cure of the disease. The first appearance of the plague which Mr. Bogg noticed among his herd, was on the morning of November 10th, when he found a fine and healthy three-year old steer alarmingly ill, manifesting extreme pain, accompanied with frothing at the mouth, weakness and stupidity, and general torpor and inaction. The attack was not only violent in its first appearance, but speedy and fatal in its result, and before noon the animal was dead. The disease was an entirely new and unknown one, and consequently no treatment or remedies could be intelligently applied. No cause was known for the disease, unless it might have been the "smut" on the corn stalks, which had been fed freely to the animal as well as to all others in the herd. No care, however, was taken to prevent a recurrence of the attack, and within two weeks another animal, a valuable cow, was found dead in the barn, apparently from the same causes which killed the steer. The cow had had free and unrestrained access to the smutty corn stalks, and had undoubtedly been poisioned by eating them. On Tuesday of this week a third fatal case occurred, in the same herd, of another three-year old steer, which had been purchased since the death of the first, and could in no way have caught the disease from the other members of the herd. The symptoms were very similar to those of the first victim, and apparently there could be no doubt that the three animals had died from the same causes, whatever those were. The cattle had previously been perfectly healthy, and none of the survivors of the same herd, and in their company every day, had been in any way affected.

Last evening President Gamgee, who was on his return to New York from the meeting of the State Agricultural Society at Amherst, visited Mr. Bogg's premises, and carefully investigated, as far as was possible, the causes, symptoms and effects of the disease. On hearing of the circumstances, and the fodder on which the cattle had been kept, he unhesitatingly pronounced the "smut" on the corn stalks to be the cause of all the trouble. This fungus growth on the corn has been unusually heavy this year, and in many cases the stalks have been completely filled with it. It is supposed to have been produced by the warm, wet weather of last summer, and on the low, damp fields of the Connecticut river bottoms would be unusually plentiful. An intelligent farmer, neighbor of Mr. Bogg's, asserts that on his fields fully four times as much smutty corn was raised this year as ever before. The effect of the smut on the cattle which eat it, in their avidity for the corn which it conceals, is in the highest degree poisonous, and, as the case of the Bogg cattle proves, often rapidly fatal.

President Gamgee prescribes as remedies purgatives, and that even in case of the animals being violently attacked, remedies promptly administered would very probably prove effective. A pound of Epsom salts, an ounce of aloes, or four ounces of sulphur, and two ounces of ginger, the whole mixed in water and poured down the throat of a sick animal, Prof. Gamgee thought would save life in nearly every case. For animals that are recovering, or less severely affected with the disease, bran and clean healthy food well and carefully prepared.

There have been no indications that the disease is contagious. No other cases have appeared in town, and in the herd from which the three victims have been taken, no others have been affected. Two fatal cases are reported to have recently occurred in North Hadley, and there is no doubt but that this is the same malady which lately killed six cattle of a farmer in Rhinebeck, Dutchess county, New York, and has also carried off a hundred or more in Polk county, Iowa. It is even supposed by many medical and veterinary experts that the Texas cattle plague, which raged so extensively through the West, and in the Albany and Newark stock yards in August and September, was caused by a fungus growth on grass, similar in its nature to that of smut corn. This theory was warmly supported at the recent National Cattle Commissioners' Convention at Springfield, Illinois, and the similarity of the manifestations should secure skillful and careful investigation that the true causes and proper remedies of the disease may, if possible, be ascertained.

There are, however, many of the most intelligent and observing farmers and stock breeders of this town, who scout the "smut" theory and discredit it. They have fed smutty corn to cattle all their lives, and this fall as much as ever, but have never perceived any injurious effects. They continue to supply their stock with an abundant amount of the corn fodder, and it is highly probable that if smut is the true cause of the disease we shall soon hear of other fatal cases. Mr. Bogg, however, has given up the corn fodder for his herd, and now provides his cattle with food concerning which there can be no suspicion. Against the smut theory is also the fact that other domestic animals, particularly hogs, are fed freely on the moldy and smutty corn, but with no injurious or unusual effect.

THE largest kitchen in the world is that of Liebig's Extract of Meat Company's establishment, at Fray Bentos, on the river Uruguay, South America. The building covers an area of 20,000 square feet. In one hall there are four meat cutters which can dispose of 300 bullocks each per hour. There are twelve "digerators," in which the meat is boiled by steam. They can hold altogether 144,000 pounds of beef. About eighty head of oxen per hour are actually slaughtered for this immense establishment.

THE Joint Committee on Ordnance will, soon after Congress comes together in January, submit a report in which they take the ground that the large Parrot and Rodman guns have, after much careful trial and strict examination, proved to be utter failures, and recommending that the service be prohibited from using them, on account of their liability to burst.

The Pope and the Sultan.

A Roman correspondent under date of the 5th instant writes:

Fuad Pasha, who was lately given over by the physicians, has now so far recovered his health that he has been able to pay a visit to the Pope. He was received by the Holy Father in the most cordial manner, and they soon chatted as familiar friends, while the Turk was profuse in his expressions of gratitude for the attentions paid to him by the Pope during his illness. The Holy Father, on his part, described the Sultan as his *meilleur ami* among the sovereigns of Europe, and spoke gratefully of the toleration he extended to Roman Catholics, not forgetting to add that he hoped his Highness would grant them further privileges. Fuad Pasha remarked that the Sultan deeply regretted he had been unable to visit Rome on his late tour through Europe, when the Pope rejoined with a laugh, "Who knows but I shall go to see him at Constantinople? You are not ignorant that Christ has given me all the earth, and my empire extends to the Dardanelles and far beyond, but, unlike that of a neighbor monarch, threatens no dangers to the Sultan. Indeed, his Highness and myself are in much the same situation as to neighbors, for he has his Piedmont in Russia, and I have my Czar in the Italian Revolution. We are menaced by the same dangers, and our brother rulers have the same measure for the Cross as the Crescent. At least your Sovereign believes in his prophet, but the other governments of our day do not believe even in God." The Holy Father then requested Fuad Pasha to use his good offices with the Sultan for the protection of Catholics in every part of the Ottoman empire, and here the interview came to an end.

The Consistory is not to be held till late in the month, though mention is made of the 14th or 15th. The Pope will preconize eight bishops on the occasion, and it is now decided that the allocution on the Spanish revolution shall be very severe.

Vigorous Woman.

Physically, our American women of to-day present a striking contrast those of ten years ago. Wasp-like waists have disappeared. Delicate limbs, languid countenances and frail constitutions generally have ceased to be at a premium, and in their place we have strong limbs, ruddy cheeks, and robust constitutions. The English woman is yearly becoming more the model. Without becoming strong minded in the common acceptation of the term, our wives, daughters and sisters are becoming stronger physically. We do not allude, of course, to those whose lives are devoted to a round of fashionable gaiety and dissipation. This encouraging change is to a considerable extent due to the out-door pastimes inaugurated among the women. Horse back riding, ten-pins, croquet, billiards, skating and walking have ceased to be confined to the sterner sex. Women eagerly embrace these amusements, and seemingly derive all the enjoyment which they are capable of yielding.

The English girl, who thinks nothing of doing a five miles' walk before breakfast, now finds a competitor in her American cousin. Many of the most devoted and skillful disciples of the curling art belong to the other sex. Women wield their croquet mallets, pocket billiard balls, and make ten strikes with all the enthusiasm and *elan* of the male sex. A fondness and taste for these pastimes should be fostered and developed, instead of being repressed and checked through fear of their making women unwomanly. "Marriage," says Michalet, "is the chief end of woman. If such be the case, she can attain it in no quicker way than by presenting a robust physique, overflowing with animal life and spirits, in contrast to a weak, puny constitution, bending before any adverse wind.—*New York Advertiser.*

A RIVAL TO BLIND TOM.—Hinds county, Mississippi, has produced a musical prodigy in the person of a negro girl eighteen years old. She is as black as the ace of spades, and does not know a single note, and cannot spell the simplest word. She was a house servant, and as such was permitted to play upon the piano. She can play any piece, however difficult it may be, after hearing it played, and her accuracy and delicacy of touch is really something very remarkable. For the past two years she has been employed as a field hand, and has had no opportunity of playing, or listening to others play. Her performance on the piano is astonishing, as well for accuracy, delicacy and brilliancy of execution. She can play anything she has ever heard, with marvellous facility, and seems never to weary of the instrument.

ABUSE OF THE PARDONING POWER.—The movement among Democratic politicians to have the President issue a proclamation pardoning the assassination conspirators, now confined at Dry Tortugas, Florida, has become somewhat formidable in numbers. It is believed by many that Johnson will accede to the demand made upon him and turn those convicted of engaging in the movement which resulted in the murder of Mr. Lincoln, out of prison, to go whence they desire. It is also rumored that Johnson contemplates issuing a proclamation pardoning all convicted counterfeiters, and those who were sentenced to imprisonment for committing frauds on the revenue.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW ORLEANS, December 30.—Cotton is ½c higher, with sales of middlings at 24¼a 24½c. The sales to-day amounted to 8,700 bales, and the receipts to 5,527 bales. Sugar is steady, with sales of common at 9a9⅞c, prime at 12⅝a12⅝c, and yellow clarified at 13a13¾c. Molasses is easier, with sales of common at 52¾a55c, prime at 63a65c, and choice at 67c. Flour is firm; sales of superfine at $5,62, double extra at $7,75, and treble extra at $8a8,50. Corn is firm; sales of white at 78c, and yellow at 80c. Oats; sales of western at 70c. Bran is dull at $28,37a28,50. Hay; sales of prime at $26a27. Pork is firm and unchanged. Bacon is scarce; shoulders are held at 14a14¼c, clear rib sides at 18¼c, and clear sides at 19a19¼c. Lard is lower, with sales of tierce at 18c, and keg at 18½c. Whisky is firm at $1,17. Coffee; sales of fair at 14¼a14¾c, and prime at 16¼a17c.

CHICAGO, December 30.—At open Board this afternoon provisions were quiet but firm; sales of Mess Pork at $26,75a27. At the evening Board business was very quiet, nothing whatever being done in grain. No. 2 spring wheat offered at $1,12. Provisions dull, sales confined to 100 barrels of mess pork at $26,75.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 30th.—Flour dull; prices nominal; wheat 1,70@175. Sales choice; shipping the latter figure. Legal tenders 74½.

NASHVILLE, December 30.—Cotton; the market is excited, with sales of good ordinary at 23c.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

MIDNIGHT MASS FOR THE DYING YEAR.

HENRY W. LONGFELLOW.

Yes, the Year is growing old,
And his eye is pale and bleared!
Death with frosty hand and cold,
Plucks the old man by the beard
Sorely,—sorely!

The leaves are falling, falling,
Solemnly and slow:
Caw! caw! the rooks are calling,
It is a sound of woe,
A sound of woe!

Through woods and mountain passes
The winds, like anthems, roll;
They are chanting solemn masses,
Singing, "Pray for this poor soul,
Pray,—pray."

And the hooded clouds, like friars,
Tell their beads in drops of rain,
And patter their doleful prayers!
But their prayers are all in vain,
All in vain!

There he stands in the foul weather,
The foolish, fond Old Year,
Crowned with wild flowers and with heather
Like weak, despised Lear,
A king,—a king!

Then comes the summer-like day,
Bids the old man rejoice!
His joy! his last! O, the old man gray,
Loveth that ever soft voice,
Gentle and low.

To the crimson woods he saith,—
To the voice gentle and low,
Of the soft air, like a daughter's breath,—
"Pray do not mock me so!
Do not laugh at me!"

And now the sweet day is dead;
Cold in his arms it lies;
No stain from its breath is spread
Over the glassy skies,
No mist or stain!

Then too the Old Year dieth,
And the forests utter a moan,
Like the voice of one who crieth,
In the wilderness alone,
"Vex not his ghost!"

Then comes with awful roar,
Gathering and sounding on,
The storm-wind from Labrador,
The wind Euroclydon,
The storm-wind!

Howl! howl! and from the forest
Sweep the red leaves away!
Would, the sins that thou abhorrest,
O soul! could thus decay,
And be swept away.

For there shall come a mightier blast,
There shall be a darker day;
And the stars, from Heaven downcast,
Like red leaves be swept away!
Kyrie eleyson!
Christie eleyson!

EPHEMERIS.

—St. Louis had but six fights on Christmas.

—Eastern swells, sport gold mounted skates.

—New Jersey has produced a steam velocipede.

—There are said to be 5,000 Mormons in Denmark.

—There are seven Smiths in the English Parliament.

—Emil Deschamps is said to have become totally blind.

—Whale oil as a beverage is by no means despised in Alaska.

—Many of the lobsters eaten in England are American born.

—17,000 English walnut trees are flourishing in California.

—The man that travels in the canoe Rob Roy is at Suez now.

—New York rejoices in the presence of Parepa and Ole Bull.

—The new skating rink in Brooklyn has been formally opened.

—Booth, in Buffalo, bagged more than seven thousand dollars.

—New Orleans has a French circulating library; so has Philadelphia.

—The Maine lumbermen are having an unusually successful winter.

—$16,000 worth of handkerchiefs formed part of the trouseau of a Paris bride.

—Convicts in the Maine penitentiary made $45,000 worth of carriages last year.

—Charles Dickens' admirers in Liverpool are about to give him a public banquet.

—John Morrissey is reported to have made $150,000 in the recent N. Y. Central manipulations.

—Missouri has a negress who claims to be 120 years old. She has evidently lost her memory.

—Nearly every prominent American newspaper prints a column of short paragraphs now.

—Pickled California salmon can now be found in the markets of the Eastern seaboard cities.

—Earl Derby gave $100,000, to support the conservative party in the recent English elections.

—An exchange says: "When were eggs first laid in England? In the time of Hen. I, of course,"

—The working men of London have decided that they will not give Reverdy Johnson a banquet.

—Stammering can be cured. A stammering boy in Iowa, after becoming insane, ceased to stammer.

—On Christmas Eve and the day following, 244 persons were fined for getting drunk in Baltimore.

—Queen Isabella has purchased a magnificent residence on the Boulevard du Roi de Rom for $360,000.

—The ladies of Lowell, Mass., are saving themselves much trouble by giving private parties in public halls.

—A practical man says he thinks that at the present rate of house rent, the *dearest* spot on earth is home.

—A writer in a recent New Orleans paper asks, "Why is *New England* considered the Athens of America?"

—Madeline Henriques thinks her husband's temper is incompatible, and, therefore, she has come back to the stage.

—Famine continues to spread in the Red River country, the past season being bad for fishermen, farmers and trappers.

—All of Mr. George Peabody's gifts, when added together and reduced to a greenback basis, amount to $10,560,000.

—New Orleans has had exciting rumors that a $200,000 prize from the Havana lottery had been drawn by a party in that city.

—New York is dreading an inundation of country editors, following in the footsteps of Mr. Bowles, and seeking fame in Ludlow gaol.

—Louis Napoleon "squelched" the Princess Metternich recently by saying that she was created to prove that beauty is not necessary.

—Mr. George Peabody's gifts to the poor of London and Baltimore have, by latest accounts, amounted to two and one half millions of dollars.

—Lord Stanley, before his resignation, divided $45,000 among three of the Abyssinian prisoners as a sort of compensation for their sufferings when in the power of Theodorus.

—A surgeon at Fort Randall says he can play brass bands in half a dozen different cities at once, merely by using an electric invention of his.

—Five gentle ladies of Aix, France, are now being tried on a charge of having made themselves widows and poisoners at one and the same time.

—On the 2nd of December two prominent surgeons, professors of the Clinic in Paris, fought a duel, in which one was severely wounded in the breast.

—An American gentleman writes from London that common American corn cobs are sold in the streets of that city as "patent fire-lighters—eight for a penny."

—Philadelphia letter carriers don't seem to have gotten their uniforms yet. Pittsburgh, New York and Wilmington, Del., have taken the lead in that way.

—At last a practicable use for Alaska has been found. Somebody proposes that it shall be made a penal settlement, and the proposition seems sensible enough.

—A workman in an English mill was seized by the machinery and drawn through an aperture three inches wide, with great detriment to his personal appearance.

—A newly invented velocipede is being manufactured in Atchison, Kansas. It has three wheels, but can be changed to the ordinary two-wheeled velocipede in five minutes.

—The wife of the Rev. B. R. Romaine, formerly the editor of a paper in Albany, but now a clergymnn in Columbus, hanged herself, last week, in consequence of the death of her child.

—Two women are in gaol in New York, one of whom bowled her husband into the next world with a rolling pin; and the other assisted her better half to the same bourne with an iron poker.

—St. Louis has a new patent velocipede. The back of the rider is supported by a clamp which acts as a tiller. It has two back wheels five feet in diameter, and is moved by both the arms and legs.

—Kamehameha V., King of the Sandwich Islands, is jet black and very fat. He hates the United States because when he was here many years ago he was treated with disrespect on account of his color.

—Perhaps the highest mines in the world are those at Elizabethtown, New Mexico. They are 9,000 feet above the level of the sea, and it is claimed that $200,000 worth of gold has already been taken from them.

—One Paris correspondent says, owls' heads and sculls are the neatest and most fashionable styles for jewelry. Another Paris correspondent says, sculls and owls' heads are worn only by persons of vitiated tastes.

—In Petersburg, Va., lives a negro, who has a full growth of "beard" on his forehead. It grows down to within half an inch of his eyebrows, and he is compelled to use a razor frequently in order to make any show of a forehead.

—It is said that one cause of the decay of trees in cities arises from the constant trembling of the earth from rapid locomotion. The effect of this trembling is said to be a disturbance of the earth around the roots of the trees.

—Jolly, pleasant, joking English grocers get off a practical pun on their credulous customers by grinding up old coffins and selling them with ground coffee. The grocers say the change from one to the other is an ee-sy matter.

—An Ohio gentleman is ambitious to furnish the towns and cities of America with motive power, obtained from compressed air. He proposes to distribute his power through ordinary service pipes, as gas and water are distributed, with a meter for consumers.

—A well in California had dried up and the country in the neighborhood was very dry, until the late earthquake, which caused the deep well to fill to the top and flooded the farm on which it was situated so that it must be ditched and drained before a crop can be put in.

—All of the inhabitants of Siam had to have their heads shaved or be flogged, when their King died. The shaving was probably desired by the royal family, because after that operation had been gone through with no Siamese could claim to have any *heir* apparent to the throne.

—Our country is soon to be honored by the presence of an aboriginal Hawaiian gentleman, Mr. J. Moanauli, which is, being interpreted, Blue Ocean. He is rich, intellignt, educated, and a patron of native Hawaiian literature. He will make an extended tour of the United States.

—The famous Schneider received a bracelet valued at $15,000, from an English lord, during her visit to Baden-Baden. The doner's name and title were set in diamonds. "What a pity," exclaimed the actress, when she received it, "that he is not a Spanish nobleman—his name would have been so much longer."

—"Friend Mallaby, I am pleased that thee has got such a fine organ in thy church." "But," said the clergyman, "I thought you were strongly opposed to having an organ in a church." "So I am," said Obadiah, "but then if thee will worship the Lord with machinery, I would like thee to have a first-rate instrument."

—In spite of their proverbial and actual hospitality and good sense, the Swedes have a good deal of common human nature, as is shown by the recent riot in Stockholm, which was caused by the indignation of the people being aroused because some choice seats, on the occasion of the inauguration of the statue of Charles XII., were reserved by the authorities for persons whom the populace delighted not to honor.

—A successful French "operator" is about to visit this country. A short time ago he was merely the confidential clerk in a wealthy house in Rouen. With one admirable *coup* he achieved fortune and renown. He took three million francs belonging to his employers and absconded. He will arrive in this country with more than half a million of dollars. Speculators in Wall street will find him a dangerous rival, and a man who has shown such abilities in that line may even aspire to dabbling in Erie.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED
WITHOUT PAIN!
NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $8,
AT DR. SCOTT'S.
378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.
ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $50 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of
KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
de8 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

CONFECTIONERIES.

H. RUH, Practical Cook,
Respectfully announces to the public that he will
On Saturday and Monday Next,
Open to the public the
DELMONICO RESTAURANT,
FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.
It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.
Orders for the Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.
oc9:n88 H. RUH.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
MANUFACTURER OF
CREAM CANDIES AND TAFFIES,
And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.
se4 112 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.
BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING
AND SEWING MACHINE.
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.
Agents wanted to sell this Machine.
CHAS. C. BALSLEY,
Agent for Western Pennsylvania.
Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. o64

WALL PAPERS.

NEW
WALL PAPERS,
For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,
NOW OPENING, AT
107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
se18:

DYER AND SCOURER.

H. J. LANCE,
DYER AND SCOURER.
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET
And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 507 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Dealers
Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.,
No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal street, Allegheny.

AT 12½c., YARD WIDE
BLEACHED SHIRTING MUSLIN,
GOOD QUALITY.
AT 12½ CENTS, YARD WIDE
HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLIN.
AT 25 CENTS,
RED, YELLOW AND WHITE
ALL WOOL FLANNELS.
AT 25 CENTS, ALL WOOL
GREY TWILLED FLANNEL.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Blankets, Flannels,
Cassimeres, Jeans, &c.
AT LOW PRICES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,
THE NEW SKIRT,
"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE," "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."
THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.
RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.
ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.
SATINS, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.
The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.
We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Roullon) KID GLOVES" over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.
A complete line of GENTLEMEN'S "STAR" SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.
no25

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!
NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
DENNISON & HECKERT,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of
EMBROIDERIES, TRIMMINGS, LACE GOODS, HOSIERY,
Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,
and Notions generally.
A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.
DENNISON & HECKERT,
des NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.
BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.
REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.
TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.
All our HATS at one-half regular prices.
All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.
GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.
AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Avenue.
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CRACKER BAKERIES.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS
ARE SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHERS
OFFERED IN THIS CITY.
OYSTER, WATER, BUTTER, SUGAR, SODA, CREAM, SCOTCH and LEMON BISCUITS.
For Sale by Every Grocer in the City.
Bakery, No. 91 Liberty St.
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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & Co.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

DRY GOODS.

AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

$1, 12½ Black, Brown and Gold Mixed
WATERPROOF CLOTHS, GOOD QUALITY.
AT 31 CENTS,
HEAVY WIDE POPLINS, in choice colors,
AT $2.50
GORED BOULEVARD FELT SKIRTS,
Same as sold early in the season at $4,00.
AT $3.00,
GORED BOULEVARD FELT SKIRTS,
same as sold early in the season at $6,00.
Full assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
CLOAKINGS,
SHAWLS, &c.,
at very low prices Wholesale and Retail at
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

54. 54.
KITTANNING
EXTRA HEAVY
Barred Flannel,
A VERY LARGE STOCK,
Now Offered,
IN GOOD STYLES.
M'ELROY,
DICKSON
& CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
54
WOOD STREET.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
AT EASTERN PRICES,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
R. E. BREED & CO.,
168. 168.
NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.
HOSIERY and GLOVES.
F. SOUCY,
No. 168 Wylie Street.
168. 168.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

ANNUAL
REDUCTION.
OUR REGULAR DECEMBER CLEARANCE SALE is now fully inaugurated, at prices that secure BETTER BARGAINS THAN EVER BEFORE, in
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS
&c., &c., &c.,
Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.
OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
AND COMPANY
No. 23 Fifth Street.

REDUCTION!!
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
&c., &c.
We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
de4:d&wF

51. 51. 51.
FIFTH AVENUE.
M'CALLUM BROTHERS,
GRAND CLEARING SALE OF
CARPETS.
TREMENDOUS REDUCTION
For Cash,
UNTIL WE TAKE STOCK.
M'CALLUM BROTHERS.
de14

DECEMBER, 1868.
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY,
CARPETS AT RETAIL
LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.
We offer FOR A FEW WEEKS ONLY our goods at a large reduction from regular rates. Our stock is full and complete in all departments, and we shall sell the best qualities and styles of Carpets at prices at which we cannot replace them, giving our customers an opportunity of obtaining bargains [illegible] may never be offered again. This special sale will continue only until the time of taking our annual inventory of stock at the end of this month.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
Nos. 71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.
de5

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.
HOLIDAY GIFTS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA,
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS, TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, December 29, 1868.

The general markets are more active, and it begins to look as if there would be an improvement in business with the opening of the New Year. The arrivals of Flour and Grain have been quite large for some days past and the same is true of many other articles, and with a steady local demand for all of the leading commodities, there is a fair volume of business in the aggregate. In regard to values, there are no important changes.

APPLE BUTTER—70 to 80 cents.

APPLES—Steady with regular sales at $3,50 to $4, for fair to good, and $4,50 to $5 for prime to choice.

BUTTER—The supply continues to accumulate, and with only a moderate demand, prices are barely sustained; 35 to 40 cents, for good to prime Roll.

BEANS—$3,50 to $3.75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—4½ to 5 cts.

CRANBERRIES—$22 to $24 per bbl.

CHEESE—Dull; 15 to 20.

CORNMEAL—$1 to $1,10 per bushel.

EGGS—In good supply and dull at 30 to 33 cents.

POULTRY—Scarce and in demand. We now quote dressed Chickens at 12 to 13 cts. and Turkeys at 17 to 18.

POTATOES—Dull but unchanged; small sales in store at 85 to 90.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is steady with jobbing sales at 14½ for Shoulders, and 18½ for Plain Sugar Cured Hams. Lard, 18 to 18¼, and Mess Pork $28,50 to $29.

LARD OIL—Is firm and unchanged at $1,25 for No. 2, and $1,50 for No. 1.

HAY—Baled is in abundant supply, and very dull but unchanged, as holders will store before they will make concessions. We continue to quote at $23 to $25, for good to prime timothy.

HOMINY—Sales at $6.25 to $6,50.

HEMP—Quoted at $210 per ton.

SALT—Is firm but unchanged; Allegheny river brands quoted at $1,85 on track, and $2 in store.

GRAIN—Winter Wheat is quiet and unchanged at $1,83 to $1,85. Oats in better supply and dull but unchanged at 63 to 64c on track, and 66 to 67c in store. Corn is dull, under the influence of increased arrivals, and prices are tending downward; we can report offers to sell at 85c by the car load—may be quoted at 90c in store. Old Corn unchanged at $1 to $1,05. Rye is still quoted at $1,45. We can report a sale of one car load of medium Western Barley at $1,85.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales Peaches, at 12 to 13 for quarters, and 15 to 16 for halves. Apples 10 to 11.

DRESSED HOGS—Very scarce; sell readily at 11 to 12c.

FEATHERS—Sales to the trade at 80 to 85 for live geese, and 90 to 95, in a retail way.

FLOUR—Is in good supply and dull but unchanged. Spring Wheat, $7,50 to $8,00, and Winter Wheat, $8,75 to $9,50 per barrel. Rye Flour, $7,75 to $8. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,20, and, in sacks, $9,80 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $8,00, and, in sacks, $7,70 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,50, and, in sacks, $9,20 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $10,00, and, in sacks, $9,70 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

WHISKY—Highwines are still quoted, in a jobbing way, at 97 to 98c.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 134⅜@134¼.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 30, 1868.

The demand for money was very active to nearly three o'clock, and the market continues stringent, commissions of ⅛, ¼ and ⅜ per cent. in addition to the legal rate in currency being paid on stocks and 1-16@⅛ per cent. on governments. There was a sudden let up just previous to and after three o'clock, when gold interest was the highest rate on stocks and government dealers had money offered them at 7 per cent. currency. Discounts dull and the transactions closed heavy. The Erie Company has closed negotiations with the Columbus, Chicago and Indiana Central Railroad, by which it is to be made broad gauge, thereby giving the Erie an unbroken connection with the Chicago. The Ohio and Mississippi Company has been brought into closer relations with the Erie, and the gauge is to remain a broad one. Sterling weak at 9¼@9⅜ for prime bills. Gold dull and lower; the market opened at 134¾, once touched 134⅞, and closed at 134⅜@134¼.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Governments higher and quite buoyant throughout the day until late in the afternoon, when there was a slight decline from extreme figures. Coupons '81, 114½@114¾; do. '62, 110½@110¾; do. '64, 107⅜@107½; do. '65, 107¾@108; do. new, 110⅜@110⅞; do. '67, 111@111¼; do. '68, 111@111¼; Ten-Forties, 105½@105¾.

State bonds quiet; North Carolinas weak; Missouris, 90¼; old Tennessees, 69; new do. 70¼; Virginias, 56@57; Louisiana firm, 61¾ for Levee Bonds, and 68¾ for Eight per cents.

An order has been obtained in Court restraining the Merchants' Union Express Company from using any of its assets in carrying out terms of consolidation with the American Company.

The Assistant Treasurer to-day commenced the disbursement of the January interest on Five-Twenties.

The quarterly bank statement will be made on Saturday, and preparations will be completed to-morrow.

Friday being a holiday, to-morrow is therefore likely to be the stringent day in money.

The stock market was strong during the morning, with a large business and general advance, New York Central and Rock Island being the particular features. There was a difference of ⅛@¼ per cent. between cash and regular transactions.

After the regular board speculation became buoyant and prices rose to the following figures: New York Central 160@160½; Rock Island 118¾; Northwestern, common 81, preferred 84; Michigan Southern 87⅜; Fort Wayne 113⅞; Chio and Mississippi 35¼. At the second regular board the sale of New York Central was made at 161, buyer, and through all the rest of business was at 159¼, and there was a general fall of ¼@¾ per cent. throughout the list. At the last open board New York Central sold at 158¼@158¾, Fort Wayne 116¼, Chio and Mississippi 34¾, Rock Island 118, Northwestern 80¼@80⅝, do preferred 83½. The market closing heavy. Subsequently there was a recovery from the lowest point, and though the market was rather unsettled the tone at the close of the day was strong.

Five-thirty Prices:—Cumberland, 35¼@35½; Wells Express, 25½@26; American Express, 45¼; Adams, 48½; United States, 45¼@45¾; Merchants Union, 15¼; Quicksilver, 22½@23; Canton, 49¼@49¾; Pacific Mail, 119@119¼; Western Union Telegraph, 33¾@33¾; Hartford and Erie, 9¼; Mariposa, 5@7; do. preferred, 19½@20; New York Central, 159½@159¾; Erie, 38¾@39; do. preferred, 63½@66; Hudson, 133@135; Harlem, 122@125; Reading, 98¼@98¼; Terre Haute, 38; pref., Wabash, 58¼@59; do. preferred, 69; St. Paul, 68¾@69; do. preferred, 87@87½; Ft. Wayne, 113¼@113¼; Ohio and Mississippi, 34¾@34¼; Michigan Central, 115@115½; Michigan Southern, 87¼@87¼; Illinois Central, 142@144; Pittsburgh, 83¼@83½; Cleveland, 100¾@100¾; Rock Island, 118¼@118½; Northwestern, 80¼@81; do preferred, 83¾@84; Chicago and Alton, 147; preferred, 149; St. Joe, 90; Lake Shore, 97.

Mining shares dull.

Copper Shares at Boston: Copper Falls, 13½; Franklin, 13; Hecla, 70; Quincy, 18; Hancock, 3; Minnesota, 2; Calumet, 50.

SUB-TREASURY.

The receipts at the Sub-Treasury to-day were $1,613,206. Payments, $883,793; Balance, $9,663,608.

Exports for the week, except specie, $3,023,509.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Cotton active and ¼c better; sales of 6,300 bales, at 20c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts 4,510 bbls and 1,518 bags; market dull and declining; sales of 3,900 bbls, at $5,85a6,15 for superfine State and western; $6,00a8,50 for extra State; $6,90 for extra western; $8,30a10,00 for white wheat; $9,50 for R. H. O.; $7,50a8,50 for extra St. Louis, and $9,00a12,50 for good to choice do., closing dull and heavy. California flour nominal, at $5,00a9,50 for old and $9,75a11,50 for new. Rye flour dull; sales of 1,170 bbls at $6a8. Corn nominal and in moderate request; sales of 300 bbls white western and 850 bbls Brandywine at $5,50. Whisky nominal, at 98c for free. Wheat; receipts none; market dull; sales of 22,000 bush straight No. 2 spring at $1,59a1,60½. Rye dull. Barley dull and heavy; sales of 3,500 bush Canada West in retail lots at $2,20. Barley Malt nominal. Corn—receipts, 19,395 bush; market heavy and 1c lower, with sales 59,000 bush at 92a94c for new mixed western; 90a96c for do. small lots; extra choice do. at $1,07a1,10; old do. in store and afloat at 97a98c. Oats—receipts, 600 bush; market dull and lower, with sales 13,500 bush western at 75½c, check to-day, and nominal at 78½c afloat. Wool quiet and firm, with sales 160,000 pounds at 48a53c for domestic fleece; 28a33c for unwashed; 40a50c for pulled, and 46c for domestic. Nails at 3½c. Texas Leather—Hemlock Sole steady at 28½a29½, Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande light and middle weights. Coffee quiet, with sales 750 sacks Rio at private terms. Sugar quiet, with sales 600 boxes Havana at 11¾a11¾c. Molasses dull. Petroleum quiet at 17½a17¾c for crude, and 31c for refined bonded. Linseed Oil quiet at 98ca$1,01. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coal—Foreign quiet, with sales at 10c for New Castle gas, and 14c for Liverpool gas; domestic dull; sales by auction to-day of 75,000 tons Scranton at $4,37a4,75 for lump; $4,60a4,75 for steamboat; $4,80 for grate; $4,64a4,82½ for egg; $6,50a6,80 for stove, and $4,60a4,67½ for chestnut, showing a large decline on all kinds. Spirits Turpentine quiet at 40a40½c. Metals—Sheathing Copper quiet and unchanged at 33c; Ergot Copper quiet 23c for all kinds; Pig Iron, $40a42 for Scotch; $33a42 for American; Bar dull and unchanged at $90a95 for refined English and American; Sheet in moderate demand at 10½a11½c for Russia; Nails quiet at 5¼a5½c for cut; 6¾a7c for clinch, and 30c for horse-shoe. Pork firm and quiet; sales 650 bbls at $27a27,25 for new mess; $26,20 for old do.; $20a22,75 for prime, and $25,50a27,00 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales 130 barrels at $9,00a16,50 for new plain mess; $14a19,50 for new extra mess. Tierce beef steady; sales 330 tierces at $29a30 for prime mess; $30a35 for India mess. Beef hams firm; sales 150 bbls at $30a34. Cut meats firm; sales 140 pkgs at 10½a11c for shoulders; 14a16c for hams. Middles quiet; sales 170 bxs at 13a13¼c for Cumberland cut; 14½ for short ribbed; 14¾a15 for long clear. Lard firmer; sales 760 tcs at 16¼a17¼c for steam; 17¼a17½c for kettle rendered; also, 200 tcs steam, sellers option for February and March, at 17¾a17¼c. Butter steady at 25a40c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 14a19c. Common to prime dressed hogs firmer at 13½a14¼c for western; 12½c for city. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firm.

Latest—Flour; the market closed dull and slightly in buyers favor. Wheat is very quiet and nominally unchanged, with a very limited milling and export inquiry. Rye is dull at $1,50a2 for western. Oats dull at 75c in store, and 78c afloat, for western. Corn is steady at $1,07a1,10 for old, and 93a95c for new mixed western. Pork is quiet and unchanged. Beef is dull and unchanged. Cut meats are steady and in fair demand. Bacon is firm and moderately active. Lard is firm at 17a17¼c for fair to prime steam rendered. Eggs are dull at 37a39c.

CHICAGO, December 30.—Eastern Exchange quiet at par selling, and 1-5a1-4 off buying. Flour quiet and steady at $5,62a7,12½ for low grades to good spring extras. Wheat moderately active; No 1 spring sold at $1,19½a1,20 in Illinois Central, and $1,22a1,22½ in Northwestern elevators; early sales No 2 spring transpired at $1,12½; towards the close, however, $1,12 was paid, at which figure the market closed weak; sales No 2 since change at $1,12. Corn dull and 2a2½c lower; sales at 50a53c for new shelled, 54a55c for No 2 kiln dried, and 50c for new shelled, seller, January; at the close new shelled was dull at 50a50½c; old lifeless; nothing doing this afternoon. Oats dull and weak and prices suffered a decline of ¼a¼c per bushel; sales at 45¼a46¼c, chiefly at 46c, closing weak at 46c; sales at 46 1-2c, seller, January. Rye dull and easy at $1,12a1,13 1-2c for No 1, and $1,10 1-2a1,11 for No. 2, closing almost nominal at $1,12½ for No. 1. Barley dull and drooping; No. 2 sold at $1,56, sellers for January, closing dull. Highwines quiet at 93c for free. Provisions firmer. Mess Pork strong; sales at $26 cash, $26,50a 27,00 sellers for January and February, $27,50 sellers for February and March, and at $28 sellers and buyers for February, closing with free buyers at $27 cash. Lard fairly active at 16½a17c cash, and 16¾c sellers for January; Short rib middles 13c loose; rough sides 12½c loose, and 13¼a13½c packed; choice clear middles 14c. Mess Beef $12. Receipts—12,411 bbls flour, 17,728 bush wheat, 1,717 bush corn, 17,888 bush oats, 6,331 bush rye, 2,286 bush barley, 2,450 head hogs. Shipments—11,436 bbls flour, 8,352 bush wheat; 23,355 bush corn, 6,979 bush oats, 3,330 bush rye, 1,068 bush barley, 1,082 head hogs.

Hogs; dressed active and 15a25c higher, prices ranging at $10,50a11,00, closing at $10,75a11,00, dividing on 200 lbs; live moderately active and firm, and 10a15c higher, sales at $8,25a9,50 for common to choice. Beef Cattle dull at $3,35a5,00 for common to fair cows and light steers.

ST. LOUIS, December 30.—Tobacco nominal. Cotton, nothing doing. Hemp, no sales. Flour firm with more demand, superfine at $5,50a6,50, extra $6a7, double extra $7,35a8,50, treble extra to fancy $9,25a9,50. Wheat unchanged at $2 for prime to choice red, $1,90a2,12 for white. Corn extremely dull at 62@63c for yellow and white and 70a71 for fancy. Oats dull and drooping at 53a57c. Barley quiet and unchanged; sales of fancy mixed spring at $2,15. Rye unchanged at $1,20a1,25. Whisky higher 97½98c. Pork unchanged at $28. Bulk Meats firm. Dry Salt Shoulders lower at 10¾a11c, fully cured do. at 11¾c. Clear Sides, packed, 15c, fully cured do. at 15¼c. Bacon, small sales of clear sides at 17½c; no shoulders in the market. Lard 17½c for choice, 18½c for keg. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 1,200 barrels of flour, 2,000 bushels of wheat, 4,800 bushels of corn, 1,800 bushels of oats, 600 bushels of barley, 300 bushels of rye, 2,500 head of hogs.

ST. LOUIS, December 30.—*Cattle Market*—Cattle quiet, and ranged at 13¼a16½c, gross, for common to choice. Hogs steady at 9a10c, number packed to-day about 1,900 head.

CINCINNATI, December 30.—Flour and Wheat unchanged and dull. Corn firm and in fair demand at 65a67c for ear. Rye $1,36 and in moderate demand. Oats dull at 59a60c for No. 1. Barley in moderate demand at $2,10a2,25. Cotton higher and more active; middling 24½a24½c. Whisky steady at $1,10. Provisions unsettled and prices nominal with no demand. Mess Pork can be bought at $27,50. Bulk Meats, 10¾, 15¼a14½c for shoulders, sides and clear sides. Green Meats dull; shoulders offered at 9¾c and hams at 14¼c. Lard dull; prime kettle 17½c. Butter scarce and firm at 30a40c for western. Eggs 31a32c. Linseed Oil firm at $1,03; holders ask $1,05. Lard Oil firm at $1,45a1,50. Sugar in demand; sales of 260 hhds at 13a14¾c for the best grades. Coffee firmer; sales of 760 bags at 22a25c. Gold 134¼ buying. Exchange dull at 1-8a1-10 per cent discount. The money market continues close.

Hogs irregular; slaughterers paid $10,00a10,50 for live; dressed dull at $10,75a11,75; receipts, 684.

MILWAUKEE, December 30.—Flour dull and prices unchanged. Wheat firm and higher at $1,21 for No. 1, $1,13 for No. 2. Oats dull and lower at 47c for No. 2. Corn steady at 52c for new. Rye nominal and unchanged. Barley firm at $1,55 for No. 2. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 2,000 barrels of flour, 19,000 bushels of wheat, 3,000 bushels of oats, 400 bushels of corn, 1,000 bushels of rye, 1,000 bushels of barley.

MEMPHIS, December 30.—Cotton firmer at 24¼a24¼c; receipts, 976 bales; exports, 627 bales. Flour unchanged. Corn at 65a68c. Oats at 65a66c. Hay at $22a24. Bran at $25. Corn Meal at $3,75. Pork at $27,75. Lard dull at 18½c. Bacon nominal, with shoulders at 14, and clear sides at 18a18½c. Bulk Meats dull; shoulders at 11c; clear sides at 15c. Dressed Hogs at 11a11½c.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 30.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat—sales 1 car No. 1 red winter at $1,79; 1 car do. at $1,80; 1 car No. 2 do at $1,65. Corn—sales 2 cars shelled at 72c; 1 car ear on the track at 97c. Oats held at 62c. Rye firm at $1,25a1,30 for No. 1, and $1,20a1,25 for No. 2. Petroleum quiet and unchanged; refined in car lots held at 27a 88c, and 29c in trade lots.

LOUISVILLE, December 30.—Tobacco; sales new leaf at $4,25a13,75. Cotton 24c. Hogs 81-2a83¼c. Mess Pork $27. Lard 18c in tierces. Sugar cured hams 18 1-2c. Bulk shoulders 11¼c. Clear ribbed sides 15c. Clear sides 15 1-2c. Molasses 70c. Highwines $1. Super Flour $6,75. Wheat $1,75. Corn in bulk 65c. Oats 37c. Rye $1,40.

BUFFALO, December 30.—Flour inactive and unchanged. Wheat nominal. Corn in fair demand for car lots of new, which is scarce at $5c on track. Oats dull, asking 66c in store. Rye and Barley neglected. Pork firm at $28 for heavy mess. Lard firm at 17½c. Highwines steady at $1. Dressed hogs nominal at $11,50a12.

BALTIMORE, December 31.—Flour lower; western superfine $6,50a7, extra $7,50a9,50, family $10a10,75. Wheat neglected and nominal. Corn—receipts small; white 80a85c, yellow 85a90c, Oats dull at 65a70c. Rye firm, at $1,60a1,62. Provisions quiet and unchanged.

TOLEDO, December 30.—Flour quiet. Wheat unchanged; white Michigan $1,80; amber $1,78. Corn a shade firmer; new 64c; new shelled for next week 65c. Oats a shade better; No. 1 59c. Rye quiet. Seeds dull. Dressed Hogs unchanged, at 10¾a11c.

IMPORTS BY RAILRAOD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, December 30.—4 cars iron ore, Zug & Co; 1 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do do, Hutchinson, Glass & Co; 1 car brick, Park Bros & Co; 1 car copper, C G Hussey & Co; 3 do do, Park, McCurdy & Co; 55 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 1 car oil, W A Bates; 2 do do, John Spear; 1 do oats, Strickler & Morledge; 173 sks rye, J & W Fairley; 5 bbls oil, J H Pease & Co; 12 sks wheat, 13 do corn, 34 do oats, 15 do barley, Scott & Gisal; 9 bbls apples, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 hf bbls wine, F G Lanth; 51 kegs, 2 bbls lard, J J Pettit; 5 bdls rockers, 6 do chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 1 box mdse, A Fielding; 40 bbls apples, Culp & Shepard; 6 sks wool, W J Steel & Bro; 4 bbls apples, J McMasters; 9 sks rags, W H Kirkpatrick; 100 empty oil barrels, T Mitchell; 33 boxes blacking, Scott & Henry; 10 sks onions, 1 kg, 1 bx eggs, 3 firkins, 1 hf bbl butter, Head & Metzgar; 14 bbls apples, 2 kegs apple butter, 1 bbl eggs, Fetzgar & Armstrong; 3 bxs butter, 2 do poultry, 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 18 hf bbls butter, 5 bbls eggs, Vangorder & Shepard; 2 bbls, 1 bx eggs, 3 firkins, 2 bxs butter, 3 do ponitry, 6 bbls beans, P Duff & Son; 3 bbls beans, 1 do onions, H Rea Jr; 2 firkins butter, Graff & Reiter; 2 bbls butter, 2 do eggs, 1 do onions, Morrison & Devol.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, December 30.—1 car corn, Bingham & Laing; 1 car corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 do do, Shomaker & Langenheim; 1 do do, J & W Fairley; 1 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 49 bbls apples, H Rea Jr; 10 do do, Woodworth & Davison; 21 do do, 4 half bbls butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car barley, Z Wainwright; 2 half bbls butter, Van Gorder & Shepard; 25 bbls flour, L & J Blanchard; 1 car oats, Bricker & Co; 18 bbls lard oil, Park Bro; 6 bbls beans, Woodworth & Davison; 39 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 27 green hides, G N Hoffstott & Co; 25 doz brooms, S Ewart & Co; 300 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 200 do do, S Lindsay Jr & Co; 200 do do, McClure & McKee; 2 cars wheat, Thos Moore & Son; 100 bbls flour, Blair, Davidson & Co; 250 pigs lead, McKee & Bro; 100 bbls flour, Haworth & Dewhurst; 300 do do, owner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, December 30.—360 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 400 do do Jas Wilkins; 160 do do, E Singleton; 2 cars metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 3 bgs seed, J Henderson & Bro; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 5 bdls pelts, E Heilburner; 2 pkgs mdse, Allen Kirkpatrick & Co; 4 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 sks rye, 25 do corn, 28 do oats, Adams & Auston; 3 hides, 5 sheep skins, 1 calf skin, 9 sks oats, Seibert & Berg; 63 sks rye, 36 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 190 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 3 cars metal, Totten & Co; 1 bbl butter, A Gallagher; 7 do do, 3 do eggs, Z C Schungost; 23 sks flour, 4 bxs honey, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 5 bgs flour, M Steel & Son.

ALLEGHENY STATION, December 30.—47 bales cotton, Kennedy, Childs & Co; 50 bbls flour, Geo Stewart; 150 bags malt, G Faas; 10 bbls apples, 2 sks onions, 1 pkg butter, J Herbert; 2 cars limestone, Superior Iron Co.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.

ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL,

An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint. Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach and Cholera Morbus.

DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE,

A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in Stomach, for sale by

HARRIS & EWING,

Corner of Liberty and Wayne Streets.

AGENTS FOR

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON'S

PURE WHITE LEAD

AND

McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,

The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

Carbon Oil.

MOVED TO NO. 195 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PENNA.

White Lead, Window Glass and Glassware at Manufacturers prices. de9

RIVER NEWS.

River falling slowly at this point with four feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. The weather has turned somewhat colder, compared with Tuesday, the thermometer at noon, yesterday, being up to 30.

No arrivals to report, and the New State, for Wheeling, was the only departure. She had a very good trip.

The Armenia, Capt. A. C. McCallum, Sr., is announced to leave for New Orleans on Saturday.

The Lorena, Capt. Shuman, is up for St. Louis, and the Sallie, Capt. Calhoun, for Cincinnati and Louisville.

Both rivers are almost clear of ice at this point. There is considerable shore ice on both sides of the Allegheny, but the middle is clear.

The Tom Farrow and barges are loading at St. Louis for New Orleans.

—The Glendale is at Cairo laid up, also the towboat Mary Alice.

—The reported sinking of the Mayflower, in White river, is untrue.

—The Camelia was to have left Cincinnati for Nashville on Tuesday.

—A couple of boats were advertised to leave St. Louis for New Orleans on Tuesday.

—The Thompson Dean, en route for New Orleans, passed Memphis on Monday with 1,200 tons.

—The Ajax and tow are reported aground at the head of Ship Island, and the A. J. Baker and tow aground at Island 74.

—A St. Louis telegram says: The County Court was recently petitioned by several steamboat companies, praying exemption from certain taxes, in accordance with an act passed by the last Legislature. The County Counseller gave an opinion adverse thereto, and full assessments were ordered.

—The Peytona Cannel Coal Company have brought suit in the United States Court at Cincinnati, against the towboat Sam. Parker, for damages caused by collision some time ago, the cause of which was attributed by the United States Local Inspectors to negligence on the part of the pilot of the Sam. Parker.

—We gather the following particulars, in regard to the sinking of the Empire, from the Cincinnati *Gazette*: The Empire left here fer New Orleans on the 9th inst. There she reloaded with sugar and molasses for this port. At a point thirteen miles below Natchez, on Sunday night, she was tied up to the bank on account of fog. The bank caved in on her, sinking her in fifteen minutes. Both boat and cargo are a total loss, but all the passengers and crew were saved. The Empire was rebuilt about two years ago at New Albany from the Jennie Hubbs, and was owned by parties residing in that city— H. J. Beamer, Esq., five-eighths, and Captain Hicks King three eights, by whom she was valued at $16,000. The interest of Mr. Beamer was insured in the National, of Cincinnati, for $3,100; the Boatmen's of Cincinnati, for $1,500, and the New Albany, of New Albany, for $3,000. Total, $7,000. The remainder of $19,000 was placed by Captain King, and we were unable to ascertain in what offices. Mr. Beamer was in the city yesterday, where he heard of the accident, and left for New Albany last evening.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, December 30.—The river is falling, with six feet three inches of water in the canal. The weather is cloudy and cool. Had rain this morning.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND ORLEANS—The steamer ARMENIA.....Capt. A. C. M'CALLUM. will leave for above ports on SATURDAY, January 2d' For freight or passage apply on board or to JNO. FLACK, or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. de17

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street,

DAILY, AT 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS,

BAYARD.....A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by se14 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

MEDICAL.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POST OFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. my5:D&wT

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily regained. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md. jy11:t1

ADVICE to YOUNG MEN ABOUT TO MARRY.

Essays for Young Men,

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WALL PAPER—REMOVAL.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL

Has removed from 87 WOOD STREET to

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a few doors above ST. CLAIR. de18

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. of Pennsylvania, PITTSBURGH, December 29, 1868.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE That on the 28th day of December, A. D. 1868, Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOSEPH B. HUFF, of Wilkins township, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register, on the 19th day of January, A. D. 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, de30:c11 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

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PEARL ASH—50 casks No. 1 in store and for sale by JOHN J. B. CANFIELD & SON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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Nos. 221 AND 223,

Corner Liberty and Irwin Streets,

Offer to the trade at Low Figures:

150 pkgs. of NEW MACKEREL, in barrels, halves, quarters and kits.
100 chests choice YOUNG HYSON, JAPAN and IMPERIAL TEAS.
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75 bbls. LONG ISLAND SYRUP.
50 bbls. SYRUP, choice brands.
100 bbls. N. O. MOLASSES.
50 bbls. BERMUDA MOLASSES.
200 bbls. REFINED SUGAR.
75 hhds. PORTO RICO, CUBA and DEMARARA SUGARS.
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OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa. Pittsburgh, December 26, 1868.

PROPOSALS FOR WRITING— Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until JANUARY 4th, 1869, inclusive, for Writing and Copying from the original assessments returned by the several Assessors for the year 1869, Eighty-eight Office Duplicates for Taxes of 1869; Eighty-eight School Duplicates for Taxes of 1869. Eighty-eight Collection Duplicates for Taxes of 69; The work to be done in the office of the County Commissioners, and to be completed on or before the 1st day of April, 1869. Bids to be made at so much the running line complete, to include the calculation and extension of all Taxes, and the comparing of each and all the books with the originals, besides a recapitulation in each of the books, proving the total of the Taxes by the Total valuation. The correctness of the Duplicates must be probated before warrants are issued in payment.

Bond, with sufficient security, will be required for the fulfilment of the contract.

Sample can be seen on application. By direction of the County Commissioners. de28:b66-T HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

FRENCH BURR MILL STONES.

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THE BEST WHEAT CLEANERS IN USE.

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H. P. BALLARD & CO.

Commission Merchants, 332 Washington str New York. no17:a31

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, December 19, 1868.

NOTICE TO BAKERS.

Sealed Proposals, addressed to the "Inspectors of the Allegheny County Prison," will be received at this office until the 31st inst., inclusive for furnishing the County Prison with Bread for six months, from JANUARY 15th 1869. Loaves to weigh one a half and two pounds respectively, and to be of approved quality. Bids to be made at so much per pound. Bonds for two thousand dollars will be required for faithful performance of contract. The name of the security must accompany the bid. Bills endorsed by the Warden and probated at this office, will be paid monthly.

de21:b76 HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

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G. E. ROBINSON, manufacturer of BLACK and COLORED Printing and Lithographic Inks, Varnishes, &c. oc23:z34TH

MONEY! MONEY!!—$4,000 to invest in a Mortgage on City or County Property, for a term of three years.

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WANTED—Business or Accommodation Paper to the amount of $20,000; time from 60 days to 4 months.

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CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., TREASURER'S OFFICE, Dec. 12, 1868.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO the holders of the SIX PER CENT. MUNICIPAL BONDS of the City of Allegheny, that the Coupons on said Bonds coming due January 1st, 1869, will be paid on said day, (less the State tax,) at the Bank of Pittsburgh, in the city of Pittsburgh, Pa. D. MACFERRON, de15:b48 Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA., TREASURER'S OFFICE Dec. 12, 1868.

ALLEGHENY CITY COMPROMISE BONDS WANTED.—Persons holding Compromise Bonds of the City of Allegheny, Pa., are hereby notified that the Sinking Fund for 1868 will be invested in said Bonds at the lowest rates offered. Proposals will be received by the undersigned until FRIDAY, January 1st, 1869. D. MACFERRON, de12:b47 Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

NOTICE.—To all Persons Engaged in Hauling or Wheeling Rubbish or Ashes: You are hereby notified not to place any rubbish or ashes on the

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED.
Editors and Proprietors.

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Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

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THURSDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1868.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year,* $1.50; *in clubs of five,* $1,25; *in clubs of ten,* $1,15, *and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, Ephemeris. Third and Sixth Pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile, River News and Imports. Seventh page: Poetry, Gen. Custar's Battle, Miscellaneous Matters, Amusement Directory.*

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 134¼.

FRIENDS of JEFFERSON DAVIS propose to test the value of Mr. JOHNSON'S proclamation of Amnesty, by judicial process in his case. He is to return from England, be given up by his bail, and the question then brought up on a writ of *habeas corpus.* That is the programme, but his consent to take the chances has not yet been announced.

MR. JOHNSON thinks that the assassins of Mr. LINCOLN, now confined at the Dry Tortugas, should be released under his recent proclamation. Such a result would symmetrically round up his own Presidential career. If he would try the country with a proposition to exchange places with MUDD & Co. after next March, we can promise to him the undivided assent of his countrymen.

THE year's cotton crop, maturing early, yielding largely, gathered in fine condition, and commanding unexpectedly good prices, is making the South so nearly rich, that, as they confess, such another season would bring back to the planters their palmiest days of old. Says the Macon (Ga.,) *Telegraph:*

"It took our planters two years to learn how to deal with free labor. They now understand it perfectly, and every year hence will but add to the wealth and prosperity of both races."

THERE are said to be pending in the Senate one hundred and ten bills and resolutions, and in the House one hundred and twelve, all proposing to grant material aid, in lands and bonds, to the Pacific Railways. The amount to be given away is estimated at $120,000,000 in bonds, and 120,000,000 acres of land.

Add to these aggregates, the amounts to be pledged by the pending ship-canal and ocean-steam-line bills, and $200,000,000 would hardly cover the grand total.

Well may GEN. GRANT say, "Hold hard!"

IT is ascertained that neither the present Senate nor the President-elect have expressed any such opinions as have lately been attributed to them, touching the proper adjustment of our "Alabama" claims upon England. All that is really clear is that a majority of the Senate concur with General GRANT in holding it to be a condition precedent, that England shall concede her liability for the depredations committed upon our flag by rebel privateers fitted out in her ports. This point is in effect already conceded on the other side of the Atlantic, the collateral question of the effect of her recognition, premature or otherwise, of the Confederacy being entirely out of view. England accepts her responsibility in damages, simply upon that ground which Mr. MILL stated in the Commons, that, by her sufferance, in the Alabama case, a hostile expedition was fitted out and sailed from her ports to ravage the commerce of a friendly power. That fact is known to be held as conclusive on both sides, and that is the basis of the present agreement.

We have reason to believe, also, that the Commission to be appointed will be fully empowered to pronounce upon all English claims against our Government, except certain claims which shall be excluded therefrom under the soundest principles of public law.

MR. CALEB CUSHING is now in Bogota. His errand is said to be, in behalf of this government, to close a contract for a canal across the Isthmus of Panama, toward which this government guarantees a million of dollars. These rumors are possibly correct. Another adds that General GRANT has been consulted about this ship-canal, and is warmly in favor of the scheme. This is also not impossible to be true. But the inference sought to be conveyed from these rumors combined is, that General GRANT favors the pecuniary guarantee, and that his "warm" support of the scheme means that he is in favor of its being subsidized by our government in aid of its construction. Of this, not one word is worthy of a moment's credence. If the Treasury has any expenditures to make for such works, of however great national or international consequence, General GRANT would prefer to have the money laid out at home rather than upon a foreign territory. And it is only the other day that he declared his unyielding opposition to spending another dollar in that way, even within our own borders.

It is well that our diplomacy should secure to American enterprise and capital the control of the proposed canal, which, upon its completion, will rival the Suez Canal in international value, and to American interests must be of incalculable advantages. Beyond this there is not the remotest possibility that the new Administration will go. As for Mr. CUSHING'S mission, it is not unlikely that the facts, when they shall all transpire, will show that the scheme is promoted now as a nice piece of jobbery in the interests of high officials under Mr. JOHNSON, in combination with the wealthy corporation of the Panama Railroad.

OFFICIAL TENURES.

As we expected, the mischievous report from Washington that General GRANT had objected to the continuance of the Office-Tenure Law, is now denied, and by responsible authority. A casual remark, from the President-elect,—that, in view of the changed circumstances of the country, the necessity for such a statute seemed to have gone by, but that the question was one exclusively for the Congressional judgment,—was picked up by some eavesdropping reporter, and telegraphed to the country in a form so distorted, as to present the General in a position the most incompatible with his well-known caution. When he also added that he had given no attention to the subject, that remark was not a desirable qualification for the sensation-loving Bohemians, who therefore omitted it bodily from their dispatches.

Nothing is better known among the intimate friends of our next President, than that he has no love either for rebels, or for that large class of their sympathizers whom he does not hesitate to stigmatize as "Copperheads"—a term of reproach usually made use of only by people of intensely and radically patriotic opinions. Taking office in March, he will be enabled, by the session of the XLIst Congress, protracted for at least two months as that session will be, to avail himself of the cordial co-operation of the Senate, in purging from the public service the very large number of officials who meet exactly those conditions for which he has constantly expressed such abhorrence. His inclination is equally well-known to spare, in this work of removal, the few honest officials, Republican and sound from the ground up, but rarer than white crows just now, whom the JOHNSON Administration will bequeath to him. And here, too, the Republican Senate will just as cordially hold up his hands, for Senators, no more than GRANT, no more than all good Republicans everywhere, no more than ourselves, have not yet found out that Republicanism, as we all understand it, means the exclusion of faithful and competent officials from a service which suffers only because there are so few of these in it. These exceptions, unfortunately too rare, are not likely to alleviate, to any noticeable extent, the great task which awaits the Republican President and Senate in this connection. They will have quite enough to do, and let the good men alone, if they chance to find any such among Mr. JOHNSON'S official tail.

—For the rest, it is enough to say that the law will not be repealed at this session. The sentiment of a large proportion of the members of either House is decidedly averse to any present interference with the matter. In this connection, we quote from a dispatch before us, thus:

A prominent Senator said in conversation to-day "that the principle of the act was right; that Webster always sustained the co-ordinate power of the Senate and Executive in the matter of removals, and declared it equal to the Senate's right of confirmation; and that the Republican party in Congress would not convict itself, by a hasty repeal, of having been guilty of such special legislation as this demand for repeal implies." The general impression is that the law will be modified, but not repealed.

RESOURCES OF THE PACIFIC SLOPE.

On the 2d of August, 1866, Mr. H. MCCULLOCH, Secretary of the Treasury, issued instructions to Mr. J. ROSS BROWNE, to have a report prepared on the Mineral Resources of the States and Territories West of the Rocky Mountains. A brief preliminary Report, embodying no more than a general summary, was submitted to the Treasury Department before the expiration of that year. This was followed on the 8th of March last by a full and detailed Report, which has quite recently been brought out by D. APPLETON & Co., of New York, in a royal octavo volume containing 678 pages. In addition, there is bound up, in the same covers, a Sketch of the Settlement and Exploration of Lower California, by ALEXANDER S. TAYLOR, a gentleman who has won a high reputation as a writer upon subjects relating to the regions bordering upon the Pacific coast. This Appendix contains 200 pages—making 878 in all.

Great pains have evidently been taken in the preparation of these documents to present, in a condensed and lucid form, all the essential facts bearing upon the Mineral Resources of so much of this Continent as is situated beyond the Rocky Mountains. Up to this time, this is incomparably the completest and most reliable statement that has been made of those great natural deposits, of the extent to which they have already been worked, and, by inference, of what will, even in the near future, come of them.

The general impression left by a perusal of the book is that these deposits are on a scale of profusion and vastness unmatched in any other portion of the globe. No one can doubt that in the present age, and in the possession of the people of the United States, these deposits, long hid away from sight and use, are destined speedily to be made available for individual comfort and national opulence.

Time was, and not long ago, when many of the richest mineral districts described in this Report were regarded as of comparatively small value. They were judged of by their agricultural merits, and condemned as affording, in sufficient quantities, and at easy cost, none of the products essential to human sustenance. But, in reaching this disparaging conclusion, important considerations were either overlooked or else dwarfed below their actual consequence. In all the regions of the temperate zone, and in most other regions besides, a system of compensations exists. All the desirable gifts of Nature are not concentrated in any one spot. Many localities, that to outward and superficial observation, present a forbidding aspect, are found upon closer and experienced examination, to abound in elements essential to human happiness, and, consequently, readily convertible into all other articles, whether of comfort or luxury. On the whole, the distributions of Nature are upon a scale of tolerable equality. The separate wealths of ocean, with commercial goings to and fro upon it; of frequent and inexhaustible water power for the propulsion of machinery for mechanical and manufacturing industry; of coal, lime and metals; and of soil teeming with vegetable life, are never combined in one vicinage. So great a prodigality in creation would be in contravention of that order which is found conducive, if not indispensable, to the widest and most abundant diffusion of happiness.

Localities here in Pennsylvania can be pointed out from whiah the early prospectors for farming lands turned away with a sense of disgust, which are now yielding vaster revenues than the most fecund alluviums that the plow-share ever opened to the approaches of air and heat. Nature, often accused of falling into mistakes, never makes any.

But, how shall the immense mineral territories existing in the midland sections of the continent be made profitably accessible? Every man of sense comprehends that railways are the great modern instruments of civilization, and, in a subordinate sense, of christianizing as well; for it must be remembered that each type of civilization has many elements entering into it, of which the religion of the special country is necessarily one, for which cause it happens now, as it has happened through all the cycles of recorded time, that the people having the highest type of civilization have necessarily the highest type of religion. These two are so interblended that they cannot be well separated, if at all, so that the operator may absolutely affirm this is civilization, and that religion,

Unquestionably, railways are not only to span the continent, and on several parallels as with ribs of steel, but are to intersect it in all directions. This development of railways is yet in its newness, but cannot be long in attaining such expansion as will astound slow-going conservatives, who stand with their faces to the Past, lamenting all departures from the approved methods of antiquity.

Under what auspices, and at whose cost shall these roads be constructed? This is an important question, relatively as well as intrinsically, for it involves sums of money of immense magnitude, to be derived from one source or another, and a national policy which ought to be carefully examined before adopted.

Shortly after the Rebellion broke out Congress made haste, as one means of retaining the loyalty of the States and Territories on the Pacific slope, to grant liberal subsidies of lands and bonds for the construction of a continuous line of railway from Omaha to Sacramento. So far as this measure rested upon the idea of retaining possession of the districts lying between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Ocean, it was susceptible of justification. On no other basis could it be defended. The Government had pressing need of all the resources it could command for the vigorous prosecution of the war; and so large a use of the national credit in a different general direction, whatever its special tendency, was a departure from sound principles of administration, both anomalous and startling.

Nor is this all. It may well be questioned whether care was taken to ensure the best route, or to confine the national subsidy within proper limits. At all events, the men who are managing the enterprise have the reputation of realizing large fortunes therefrom, while there are somewhat more than conjectures that the line, when completed, will encounter impediments, through the force of natural causes, which will seriously detract from its usefulness. Admitting that they who manage such enterprises ought to be roundly compensated for their industry and talents, it must be remembered that the people look with deep distrust upon governmental largesses out of which private wealth, in fabulous proportions, is extracted.

Subsidies equally liberal are asked for a number of other lines of railway. It is stated, on what seems to be good authority, that the subsidies to be applied for, during the current session, will amount, in bonds, to the sum of $100,000,000, in addition to every alternate section of land for a width of sixty miles. In the actual condition of the National Treasury, this is appalling. But this sum does not cover all the railway projects soon to be pressed upon Congress. This may rather be regarded as the second installment of the great demand, the most of which is yet to come.

Last spring Lieut. Gen. SHERMAN certified that the construction of one of these roads would effect such a reduction in the cost of transportation for governmental purposes alone, as to make the extension of the desired aid an economy. No doubt he certified to what is actually true. But that is deciding the case upon one aspect of it. If the nation was not in the pangs of a fearful struggle for the maintenance of its financial honor; if the burdens of taxation did not press almost up to the limit of popular endurance, it would be reasonable to urge this consideration and to act upon it. What is most essential is to fortify the national credit by a rigid retrenchment of expenses and the scrupulous application of all moneys raised, beyond what is necessary for current purposes of administration, to the extinction of the public indebtedness. Such a policy would materially reduce the rate of interest the government has to pay, and so lighten the burdens of the people.

But, it is urged that the government is only asked to loan its credit to these companies, not to advance moneys. This is true. But, ought the national credit to be esteemed so excellent as to be loaned for vast sums, when its bonds, in order to be sold, have to bear nearly double the interest paid on British loans? When, by a course of rigid economy, the rate of interest on the government bonds shall be reduced to four or three per cent. it will do to felicitate ourselves with the thought that the national credit is established on a proper foundation.

Past experience, however, contradicts the assumption that bonds loaned by the government to improvement companies will be paid by them upon maturity or at any other time. State loans have been made to many such companies, but we can recall not more than two or three instances in which the advances have been refunded. In view of almost unbroken experience to the contrary, it is simple folly to go upon the presumption that these loans are not an actual addition to the national debt. It is much more prudent and reasonable to conclude that the government will have to provide for the redemption of its bonds, and trust to a long chapter of contingencies for ultimate re-payment.

Whatever railways may be needed for the full development of this continent will be built, not all by this generation, but in the end, as capital shall be collected and its investment in this way shall be demonstrated to be remunerative. The day may even come in which it will be wise and beneficial for the government, recovered from existing embarrassments, to extend money aid to those enterprises. As the facts stand, Economy, Retrenchment and Accountability are words representing ideas which cannot safely be defied.

APROPOS to the pending Senatorial question in this State, the N. Y. *Tribune* presses a point of vast political and general importance thus:

Pennsylvania has vast interests staked on the legislation of the next few years. She cannot be ignorant that powerful interests and influences are silently combining to establish, on the ruins of our present Tariff, a financial policy which must inevitably extinguish half her furnace-fires and silence the clink of the pick in half her already opened mines. She is in peril of baleful legislation even from the XLIst Congress, already mainly chosen; either in that or its successor—perhaps in both—her mineral industry must battle for existence She will need therein the very ablest and most influential representatives: she could well afford this hour to give Ten Millions of Dollars for a Henry Clay or Walter Forward to put into Mr. Buckalew's place. We do not say she has him not; we only insist that she shall now put her best foot forward.

HON. E. G. SPAULDING, in a letter to the New York *Tribune*, makes the interesting statement, as follows:

At the request of Secretary Chase I drafted the National Currency Bank bill during the holidays of 1861. While doing so I came to the conclusion that it would not meet the exigency, and at the close of the bill I drafted a legal tender section, which I think was published in the *Tribune* somewhere from the 25th to the 30th of December, '61. *That was the original Legal-Tender act.* I soon after turned it into a separate bill, and introduced it into the House on the 30th of December.

Longstreet on the Situation.

The ex-Confederate Gen. Longstreet, who has, since the war, shown an intelligent comprehension of the situation, and who has given much good but unheeded counsel to his fellow-citizens, has written a letter, in which he offers some more salutary advice. Longstreet admonishes the South to abandon the idea that Grant will turn out to be a Democrat. He adds, that Grant's "antecedents clearly mark him as a national man, and as such he gives assurance of his adhesion to the party whose basis is the Union, and that the influence of his administration will be applied to its complete and prosperous restoration." In this work of restoration, the new President, Longstreet observes, needs co-operation from the South and it is to this point that the writer devotes the concluding portion of his letter. Longstreet's theory is that the South must encourage labor and protect labor by law. This protection he finds in appropriate State legislation and in obedience to the acts of Congress. He expresses himself in the following language:

"The politicians of the old school seem anxious to impress upon the minds of our young men the importance of rejecting all propositions coming from the Republican party, or else they dishonor their own blood, and the blood of their fallen comrades. But gentlemen should remember tha they only dishonor their comrades when they dishonor themselves, and that there cannot be dishonor in ready obedience to law and a proper care for our own welfare. On the contrary, to discard the law and expose ourselves to unnecessary difficulties is near akin to dishonor. It is true that many worthy persons are disfranchised under the law, but the readiest and surest means of relief are through the law. I conclude, therefore, that interest, and duty, and honor demand that we should place ourselves in a condition to support the laws of Congress. When we have done so, we shall receive abundantly of help from the Executive, and from the other members of the Government."

This letter will aid in making the new public opinion which is already taking shape at the South, and which has in it the spirit of acquiescence in the situation. All the violent and revolutionary talk of the late political canvass is abandoned, and Blair's letter no longer furnishes a text for the fire-eaters of 1868, who rivalled their predecessors of the years before the war.

THE Penitentiary artesian well at Joliet has revealed a new wea th to Illinois imagination. After boring through a "splendid quality" of building stone at a depth of fifteen feet, and a thick bed of white marble at ten feet, the workmen struck a vein of silver. The drilling dust, on being subjected to chemical analysis, developed unquestionable silver mineral. The extent or richness of the vein cannot be definitely known without digging a larger hole. The presence of silver in the geological formation of Illinois has never before been dreamed of by scientific men.

WE congratulate the sewing women. The A. B. Wilson patent for the "five-motion feed" used in all sewing machines has expired, and Commissioner Foote has refused to extend it. Now let Congress resist the money of the heirs of Elias Howe, who want to perpetuate his patent another seven years, and the business of making and improving sewing machines will be continued and the manufacture cheapened. The public have paid $60 long enough for machines that it costs no more than $10 to produce.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

AN ELEVATED IDEA!

"Pleased with a rattle,
Tickled with a straw."

This must be the opinion which the Pennsylvania Railroad Company entertains of our City Councils. The rapidly increasing travel by the accommodation trains needs some protection of life and limb, and the crowd is growing too large to be pressed through the long, narrow funnel of the Union Depot. The people saw it, and the employes of the road also saw it, that the obvious remedy was to consult the convenience as well as the safety of the passengers by letting them enter and leave the cars at Seventh street, in a clean and clear and central part of the city; and consequently this project has been much agitated for some time.

But it seems the company has discovered that a good thing may be made out of the peoples necessities in this respect and that an opportunity is afforded to drive a good bargain with councils. Hence, the councils are informed that if they will surrender to the company's private use, half of Liberty street, the best half of Grant, and, also, Eighth and Washington streets, and all the alleys in the neighborhood, the company will be graciously inclined—not to place their accommodation station on Seventh street—no, not that. Instead of that desirable object they will put up a beautiful *boardwalk on stilts, seventeen feet high,* beautified with cast iron knobs and crooked railing, whereon each and every man, woman and child may—nay must climb every time they enter or leave the city, climbing to a level with the second story of the Grain Elevator we will have the privilege of walking on this beautiful *avenue* to the Mansion House, or to Penn street, and there climbing down again. Not, however, without jostling our way among the drays and carriages, which may be able to get up there by the delectable slopes, and the horses of which are not so scary to jump over.

This is to be the Pittsburgh *Boulevards,* and it is said will in time be extended to connect one of its prongs with the new City Park, to be laid out and beautified also, somewhere near Cresson. People feel curious to see how Councils will entertain the project for streets on stilts to accommodate the Railroad Company and unaccommodate the passenger travel of the city. The Railroad Company got a nice slice of Liberty street already—the entire side-walk between the Union and outer depots, and hence they suppose this will be as easily acquired.

EAST LIBERTY.

THE Bedford papers bring us news of the death of Hon. William T. Daugherty, of that town, who died on the 8th day of December in the fifty-eighth year of his age. Mr. Daugherty was one of the many self-made men that have been produced in our country. Born and reared in obscurity, he very early in life developed an unusual capacity. The section of country in which he lived was greatly indebted to him for exertions tending to its improvement; and he was particularly instrumental in the development of the Broad Top coal region, contributing valuable services and means to the measures which were necessary to bring it into the market.

FREE MASONS.—It is estimated that the Masonic order, at present, contains about 1,250,000 members. Of this number 150,000 are in England, 100,000 in Scotland, and 50,000 in Ireland. There are about 600,000 on the continent of Europe, 300,000 in the United States, and 50,000 in other parts of the world. In England there are two or three thousand persons initiated every year, and the Masonic body is said to be everywhere increasing.

COUGHS, COUGHS, COLDS, COLDS,

When a person takes cold the lungs become charged with phlegm, which oppressing the constitution a natural effort is made for a relief. This effort is a cough. The only safe and prudent remedies to be adopted are those which assist nature in its work, by loosening the phlegm and exciting a freedom of expectoration until the evil is removed. DR. SARGENT'S COUGH YRUP is admirably adapted to promote expectoration, ease the breathing, loosen the phlegm, abate the fever, and allay the tickling which occasions the cough, without tightening the chest, or in any way injuring the system, and for all temporary and local affections, such as irritation of the throat, hoarseness of the voice, influenza, &c., it is of incalculable value. Especially at this inclement season of the year it would be well for every family to have this valuable remedy at hand. Prepared by GEO. A. KELLY, Wholesale Druggist, corner Wood street and Second avenue, Pittsburgh, and for sale by all druggists and dealers in medicine. 50 cents per bottle.

THE GREAT PICTORIAL ANNUAL.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1869, for distribution *gratis,* throughout the United States and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, will be published about the first of January, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and professional man: and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable receipts for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the Annuals to appear with the opening of the year, this will be one of the most useful, and *may be had for the asking.* Send for copies to the Central Manufactory, at Pittsburgh, Pa., or to the nearest dealer in HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS. The BITTERS are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world.

THE GREATEST OF ALL COUGH MEDICINES.

At this time of the year, when the streets and pavements are covered with snow and slush, it is no wonder that the natural pores and conducts of the body become obstructed, and whole communities become affected with coughs and pulmonary and throat ailments. One of the very best cures for all these diseases will be found in DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, which at once sets free the imprisoned matter, removes the obstruction, and allays the irritability of the nervous system in such a way as to do no injury to health, or interfere with one's usual avocations. What a blessing it must be to have so potent a remedy in the house as DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP, which, for over twenty years, has gained on the affections and restored the health of thousands of our people. To get the best of what is going is a good rule in anything; but it is especially true with regard to medicine, and there is no cough medicine, that we know of, of equal potency, both as a cure and preventive than DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL REMOVE AFTER JANUARY 1st to 167 LIBERTY STREET, two doors below Saint Clair.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE for LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, 130 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office hours from 9 A. M. UNTIL 4 P. M.
December 18, 1868.

Singular Incident of the War.

In one of Stonewall Jackson's periodical attacks upon Winchester, on his way down the glorious old valley of Virginia, Capt. Dave Workman, a brave and gallant officer of the Ninth Louisiana Regiment, who subsequently lost his life in the shadow of the Blue Ridge, was wounded in the body painfully, but not dangerously. On the capture of the town he was removed from the field to a large hospital, established by the enemy, and in company with many federal soldiers, wounded in the attack, waited with such patience as he could master, his turn for attendance from the over-worked surgeons.

The groans of the wounded and dying, and the misery of a stiffening, undressed wound, lengthened the tedious night, but amidst it all, Captain Workman was struck with the stoicism of a stalwart Yankee, occupying an adjoining cot, who was evidently mortally wounded, but whose torture failed to wring a murmur from his lips. Day broke at last, and with it came one of the captain's company to inquire after his welfare. Approaching his cot he addressed him by name, but was interrupted by the Yankee next to Workman, over whose eye the glaze of death seemed setting. Rousing himself, and with great effort, raising in his bed, he said: "Are you Captain Workman?" "Yes." "Captain Dave Workman, of the Ninth Louisiana regiment?" "Yes." "Then, sir, I have something for you. Two weeks ago, my captain was mortally wounded. Calling me to his side in the midst of the fight, he gave me this package, with instructions to send it across the lines the first chance. I didn't think, then," continued he, with a wan smile, "I would be able to deliver it so soon in person, but here it is." "And your captain, who was he?" "Your brother, Captain James Workman, of the Ninth New York cavalry," and with a gasp, the faithful fellow, as if he had only lived to fulfill his promise, fell back on his pallet and died.—[*N. O. Times.*

Death of Governor Moorhead of Kentucky.

Some months since Governor Moorhead, finding his financial affairs to be in a very unsatisfactory condition, determined to avail himself of the benefits of the bankrupt law, and filed the necessary papers to accomplish that purpose.

The results of the cotton crops on his plantation proving very satisfactory, yielding nearly nine hundred bales of the staple, he found his affairs so much improved that he withdrew his bankrupt papers, feeling confident of being able to meet all his liabilities.

His crop was all gathered and safely stored in his gin-house awaiting transportation to market, but alas! for human hopes and calculations, on the morning of his death, the Governor, on stepping to the door of his house was greeted with a view of his gin-house enveloped in flames.

The violent reaction caused by the sight, brought on an attack of the heart disease, from which he dropped dead in his door, without uttering a single word.

DIED:

MARKLE—Suddenly, December 30th, 1868, Mrs. ELIZABETH MARKLE, relict of the late Gen. Joseph Markle, of Mill Grove, Pa., aged 70 years.

Funeral on FRIDAY MORNING, January 1st, at 11 o'clock.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.
REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

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Would direct the attention of the public to the fact that, possessing superior facilities through several large Wine and Liquor Houses in Europe, and making their importations direct, they are enabled to offer the various grades of choice WINES AND LIQUORS at prices less than Eastern rates. Examinations of qualities and comparison of prices respectfully solicited.

A choice assortment of pure OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.n53

FERTILIZERS.

TO WHEAT GROWERS.

EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE,

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

MANUFACTURED BY

The Allegheny Fertilizer Co.

SEWARD & CAMPBELL,

PROPRIETORS,

Office, 356 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized by Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Potatoes, &c. We have published for gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and valuable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any sending us their address.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, Ornamental Hair

HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 133 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.

Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOUPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2:u1

CENTRAL AND UNION

PACIFIC RAILWAY BONDS,

The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

PH. R. MERTZ,

Corner FIFTH AVENUE & WOOD STREETS.

Also, dealer in Government Bonds, Gold and Coupons and European Exchange at market rates. de21

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO..)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

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Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

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☞ PARTIES DESIRING TO INVEST IN UNION AND CENTRAL PACIFIC BONDS can save one per cent. by purchasing before

JANUARY 1st.

Bonds on hand for delivery.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Agents Central and Union Pacific Railroad companies, corner Fourth and Wood streets. d18:b13

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, December 30, 1868.

The anticipation of January coupons by the government has had a tendency to depress the premium on gold to-day, and 134½ have been the closing quotations, against 135, early to-day. The scarcity of money for borrowers on gold collaterals, which in most instances amounts to one-fourth per cent. per day, is a further cause of the decline, and likely will influence the premium until the quarterly bank statement is over. As to the future price of gold opinions are unanimously for higher quotations on account of the still large imports, and the slow arrivals of cotton at the seaports from the interior. Government bonds were very strong in the afternoon, and had advanced from one-half to three-fourths per cent. The demand does not come from investors, but from speculators who expect an increased demand for bonds after January first, whilst present purchases gives them the gold interest.

In stocks little more can be said than that all the different Railroad stocks are cliqued, and that the present rise is an artificial one, which may react at any moment.

In our local stock market we have to report an unusual closeness of money, and the demand far exceeds the supply; the banks do not discount any at all, and the brokers ask high rates for money at present, which is cheerfully paid, as it is considered a great favor to borrow money at any price.

Business is dull and little doing, prior to January settlements.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 134⅝; Eighty-one's, 114¾; Five Twenties, 1862, 110⅝; do, 1864, 107¼; do, 1865, 108; do, 1865, new, 110¾; do, 1867, 111¼; do, 1868, 111¼; Ten Forties, 105⅝; Railroads —Cleveland & Pittsburg 1 83; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 113⅜; Chicago & Rock Island, 117½; Chicago & North Western, 80¼; do Preferred, 83; Michigan Southern, 87¼; Reading, 98⅛; Erie, 39¼; New York Central, 159; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 34¾; Western Union Telegraph Co., 33¼; Merchants Union Express Co., 15; Pacific Mail, 118¼; Adams, 48; Mining shares—Gregory, 4,80; Quartz Hill, 72; Smith & Parmele, 2,60.

☞—Stock sales Tuesday evening, December 29th, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, Auctioneer:

Bank of Pittsburgh	$68 00
Exchange National Bank	69 75
Citizens National Bank	66 50
Columbia Oil Company	17 50

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Tuesday says: Money continues extremely stringent, the banks being expanded to the utmost extent to which, in view of the approaching quarterly statement, they dare allow themselves to go. Applications for money are, however, fewer than might be expected. Many refrain from asking of the banks, because they think it is useless. The majority of the applications are from provision and grain operators, and a large part of these want it for speculative operations. It is believed that the wholesale merchants are generally in a little easier circumstances than a week or two ago. Many of them have been able to make more satisfactory collections in the country, which has enabled them to pay off their most pressing Eastern indebtedness. The depressing effect of the stringency, however, is felt in all branches of the trade. The bank rate for prime short commercial paper is nominally ten per cent., but only a few get accommodations at that rate, and much really good paper is obliged to seek the street where one, and in a few instances even two per cent. has been paid, though the latter is an exceptional figure. There have been a few cases where paper having one good name, but whithout other security, has been offered at a shave of 2½ per cent. per month, but these are not common instances.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co.: Gold, 134⅝; United States Sixes, 1881's, 114¾; 5-20's, 1862, 110⅝; 5-20's, 1864, 107½; 5-20's, 1865, 108; 10-40's, 105⅝; 5-20's, January and July, '65, 110¾; 5-20's, January and July, '67 111⅛; '68, 111¼; June 7-30's, par less ¼; July 7-30's, do ¼; 7-30's, due Compounds 119; Union Pacific Railroad, par; Central, par.

NEW YORK, December 30.—*Dry Goods.*—The market continues extremely dull, but prices are nevertheless without essential change. Heavy Brown Sheetings are in moderate request, at 15a16 for best makes, and 14½a15 for second best. Standard Prints in limited demand, at 12½a13 for white Cocheco, and Merrimack Prints bring 13¼. Standard Brown Drills steady at 17c. Paper Cambrics 11½ and high colors 12½. Amoskeag A Ticks 28a29, do. B 23a24, do. C 21, do. 19a20, and American Stripes 14¼.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM M

OFFICE OF THE PITTBURGH GA WEDNESDAY, December 30,

The market for both Crude and was decidedly stronger, if we ma lowed the expression, "bullish', and with considerable inquiry and offerings, there seemed to be a str ward tendency. The feeling in t spect does not seem to be confined particular clique or faction, but is garded by the trade generally, no standing both crude dealers, refiners speculators, with but very few excep would like to sell oil lower. It is a noteworthy fact that some of those who all along have been streneuusly advocating low prices, have also changed their opinions, and have now concluded that unless something extraordinary occurs, such as a largely and unlooked for increase in the production, European complications, etc., etc., that oil is destined to rule considerably higher in 1869 than it did in 1868.

CRUDE

The Crude market was considerably firmer, and somewhat excited to-day, and with an improved demand, prices are tending upward. Spot oil was wanted at 12½ (40 to 45) while so far as we could learn, there were no sellers below 13. Sale of 1,000 bbls (40 to 46) first six months, sellers option, at 12½.

REFINED

The Refined market was also considerably firmer, and somewhat excited to-day, and while immediate delivery is unchanged "futures," are higher. We can report two lots of 1,000 bbls each, for December at 30; 1,000 bbls for February at 30; and "line" of 500 each from January to December, at 30 for January, and an advance of half a cent for each subsequent month, averaging 32¾. We are cognizant of 30 having been offered for January to March, and 31¼ to 31½ for January to June.

RECEIPTS OF CURDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	360	Jas. Wilkins	400
E. Singleton	160		
Total			920

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Erny, Jageman & Co., 150 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

McKee, Hackett & Co., 200 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, Logan & Stockdale, 250 do do to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Nat. Ref. Co., 523 do do to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth, Bro. & Co., 605 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Leech & Wood, 120 do tar to Libby & Clark, New York.

Total shipments Refined	1720
" Tar	120

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Union Ref. & St. Co., 210 do refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

F. A. Bates, 59 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 100 do tar to Wallace, Cavitt & H., Philadelphia.

Total shipments Refined	260
" Tar	100

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, WEDNESDAY, December 30, 1868.

CATTLE.

The supply of Cattle has been unusually small this week, and the sales, all told, only reached 250 head, which, in ordinary times, is exceedingly insignificant, comparatively speaking, nothing. The demand was much better than last week, the number of buyers in attendance being double, perhaps treble, and if the Cattle had have been here, there would have been a much larger number sold. This being the case, prices, particularly for prime shipping Cattle, were at least half a cent higher, and even at the advance, there were not half enough on sale to supply the demand. Besides, of the few that were here, there were but very few good cattle, and unless the receipts to-night and to-morrow are considerably larger than they have been any preceding day this week, it is probable that some of the eastern men will be obliged to return home with but few, if any Cattle. We should not be surprised to see a good supply next week, however, as big prices generally draws them out. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, prices ranged from 4½ to 8¼ for scalawags to prime shipping steers, and, we believe, that an extra drove or two, had there have been any such in market, would have brought 8½.

McFadden to Moses 16 head, weighing 18,575, at 7,65; same to same 2, weighing 3,575, at 7,65; Orr & Williams to Downing 35, weighing 37,250, at 6,62; Holmes, Lafferty & Co. to Frank 21, weighing 19,225, at 4,60; Cummins to Frank 21, weighing 18,200, at 5,55; Casteline to Nicher 19, weighing 21,650, at 6,75; Keys to Duffey 20, weighing 17,850, at 6; McFadden to Aull & Co. 17, weighing 16,500, at 6; Halpeth to Moses 18, weighing 19,825, at 6,25; Heskett to Klemen 45, averaging 1,335, at 8,25; Orr & Williams to Klemen 18, averaging 1,130, at 6,50; Hadden to Klemen 17, averaging 1,162, at 7,25.

SHEEP.

The market for this class of stock has been very firm this week, in consequence of unusually light arrivals, and prices compared with last week, have still further advanced. There was a full attendance of buyers, and with a pretty sharp competition, holders experienced no difficulty in selling, and that, too, as a general thing, at a very handsome profit. Quotations may be fairly given at 3,50 to 4,50 for fair to good, and 5,00 to 5,50 for prime to extra. One drove of fancy sold at 7½. As in the case of Cattle, we should not be surprised to see a pretty full supply next week, and if that is the case the tables may be turned. The sales during Saturday, Monday, Tuesday and up untill noon to-day, foot up nearly 3,000 head.

HOGS

Continue to attract considerable attention, not merely of those engaged in the trade, but of the business public generally. With continued light arrivals and a good shipping demand, particularly for Philadelphia and Baltimore, prices have been fully sustained, though the impression seems to be gaining ground that there is no good or legitimate cause for the present extreme, we might say, exorbitant prices. Our packers have been out of the market for nearly two weeks, and thus far this week, the New York shippers have bought none, being unable to give the figures asked, for the reason that New York in its present condition will not stand it. Philadelphia shippers bought pretty liberally paying from 10 to 10,40, while Baltimore shippers did not go much over 10 cents. One drove of prime heavy averages, for an outside market, brought 10¾.

Mat Johnston, from Cashocton (Ohio) had four car loads of very fine Hogs on sale, to-day, for which he had the hardihood to ask *eleven cents*; and failing to get this price it was his intention to ship East.

PHILADELPHIA, December 30.—Flour is very dull; sales of 1,400 bbls Iowa and Minnesota extra family at $7,25a8,00; Ohio do. $9,00a10,50. Wheat is almost at a stand, with sales of only 1,000 bus at $1,90a2,03 for red, and $2,10 for amber. Rye; sales 1,000 bus western at $1,60. Corn very dull; sales 4,000 bus at 80a90c for new yellow, 85c for new white, and 90c for kiln dried western. Petroleum nominal at 21½c for crude, and 30c for refined. Provisions quiet. Whisky is selling slowly at $1,00a1,05.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

RING OUT, WILD BELLS.

ALFRED TENNYSON.

Ring out wild bells to the wild sky,
The flying clouds, the frosty light:
The year is dying in the night;
Ring out wild bells, and let him die.

Ring out the old, ring in the new,
Ring, happy bells, across the snow:
The year is going, let him go;
Ring out the false, ring in the true.

Ring out the grief that saps the mind,
For those that here we see no more;
Ring out the feud of rich and poor,
Ring in redress to all mankind.

Ring out a slowly dying cause,
And ancient forms of party strife,
Ring in the nobler modes of life,
With sweeter manners, purer laws.

Ring out the want, the care, the sin,
The faithless coldness of the times;
Ring out, ring out my mournful rhymes,
But ring the fuller minstrel in.

Ring out false pride in place and blood,
The civic slander and the spite;
Ring in the love of truth and right,
Ring in the common love of good.

Ring out old shapes of foul disease;
Ring out the narrowing lust of gold;
Ring out the thousand wars of old,
Ring in the thousand years of peace.

Ring in the valiant man and free,
The larger heart, the kindlier hand,
Ring out the darkness of the land,
Ring in the Christ that is to be.

General Custar's Battle.

[From the New York Tribune.]

It was after midnight, when two Osage Indian scouts in the advance, announced that they smelt the smoke of a wood fire, a fire which we came upon after going about a mile further. Around it were traces of Indian boys who had been herding ponies. On we pushed again, the crisp frozen snow rustling softly under the horses' feet, and our long dark column winding through the valley like a huge black monster. Not a voice could be heard. Ten miles more were passed, and the scouts, who were ascending elevated ground, suddenly wheeled their horses, and quickly moved to the rear, reporting that ponies were grazing nearly a mile ahead of us, and that a village was doubtless in the woods beyond, which skirts the stream in the valley. Strict silence was observed, but no white man who looked could, by the utmost straining of the eyes, see a living object where the teloscopic vision of these Indian scouts had discovered so much. Soon a night-glass verified the presence of the animals. The officers were assembled by General Custar, and all cautiously crept up to the crest of the hill overlooking the valley below, and the surroundings were carefully noted. It was a moment of exultation, and the General's enthusiastic instructions were quickly and eagerly given and received. It was now two o'clock a. m. Quietly the squadrons marched around to their respective positions, and there rested for the signal of the first gray tints of morning. It came at last, and as the band struck up "Garry Owen," the platoons swept down with a yell from every side upon the doomed village. The savages sprang into ditches and holes, and behind trees and bushes, and opened a raking fire from every direction with bullets and arrows. Some fled with the terror stricken squaws and pappooses, fighting as they ran. These strove hard to reach the ponies to mount; but very few succeeded in doing so. Sharp and loud rang the rattling carbines, echoed back by the hills and bluffs on every side. Swift and sure rode the troopers, whose lines soon extended across the valley, furiously tearing after the flying enemy—many of whom bit the snow—miles beyond their village, where their bodies were not afterward seen or counted. Two platoons were dismounted to fight with better advantage among the bushes. Gradually all the Indians were hunted from their cover like wild animals whose escape is cut off, and the fire slackened. One hundred and three bodies were found around the village proper, but many wounded escaped. A few of the squaws took part in the fight, using pistols. Others were spared, except those who had been seen to murder white captive children in their hands. These instantly met the fate of their warrior brayes. The ground was strewn with blankets, robes and clothing, shed by the fugitives. Nearly one thousand animals (horses, ponies and mules,) were surrounded and driven in by detachments when the fight opened. A great many rifles, pietols, saddles, lariats, bridles, robes, &c., were taken; also large quantities of ammunition, dried meat, and other food, all of which we destroyed, together with the fifty-one lodges. When the squaws and childsen were overtaken, collected together and turned back in their flight, they defiantly and resignedly chanted their war or death songs. Even the youngest did this, expecting to be put to death. Black Kettle had for some time been disposed to keep peace with the whites, but had been overruled by his tribe. At the first sound of horses' feet, when the cavalry approached, he sprang outside his lodge and shouted the war-whoop, then shouted that the whites were coming to kill them all, and that he was glad of it. Thus he fell, and ded with his faithless braves, though "seeking for the right."

How to Manage an Oil Fire.

One not familiar with the putting out of oil fies *might* suppose that a prompt application of water would extinguish burning oil. Never a greater mistake. Smother it! Salt it! Nothing else will put out oil on fie. Allow me, if I further tresspass, to suggest how a crude oil fire may be managed, for with the large amount daily passing through our city on cars, some day you may have one. Keep the water away from it. As the burning fluid will of course run, the first thing and the great thing is to *dam* it. Anything will do—a board stuck across a gutter, or wherever the oil may be running, will answer until it can be secured with mud. Then make a hole near the bottom of the dam, and if a pipe is handy put it h and allow the oil to run away. This oilwill not be on fire, as the flame always lays on the surface. When the oil is lowerd so that the hole or pipe would soon be exposed, stop up the opening, else the flame wil follow. Then let the oil that may be lef burn at its pleasure. The advantage of a pipe or tube consists in carrying the saved oil so far from the burning mass that the gas from the oil may not ignite from the flame. If water be thrown upon burning oil, its *only* effect is to bear the flaming fury onward, whithsoever the water bears it, into cellars, stores and all over. Oil region exprience discards the water treatment entirely.—*Correspondence Rochester Union.*

THE TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.—The time is not far distant when the great bulk of correspondence now transacted by mail will be carried on through the telegraphic system. There is no reason why such is not he case now. Ten cents ought to pay, and ould be made to pay, for sending a telegram any distance tn the States. A reduction n the tariff of rates would unquestionably be attended by the same results which haveeverywhere followed the reduction of railway fares in England and on the continent. Now, the patrons of the telegraph are mainly composed of business men, tourists, and those temporarily from home. The number is proportionately small to those who could be pursuaded to patronize the telegraph, by the managers keeping the future as the present in view. With the reduction of rates, employing the telegraph would become the rule rather than the exception.

The New Chicago Tunnel.

The new tunnel in Chicago under the river, connecting the South Division with the West, will be thrown open to the public on Friday, the 1st of January. The first stone was laid August 17th, 1867. The following particulars we glean from the Chicago *Post:*

Under the bed of the river and over the tunnel the roof is of stone. Along the sides of the causeway is found the same material, while the bottom is paved with brick, sanded over.

The length of the work is about 1,605 feet, from the centre of Franklin street to the centre of Clinton street. The length of the retaining walls of the open approach on the west side is about 320 feet, and 275 feet on the east side. The length of the main archway, or covered way, is 932 feet.

There are three archways leading through the tunnel for the accommodation of the public. One is for foot passengers, and two for teams and horses.

The grade to and out from the tunnel is a little greater than what it now is at some of the bridges, being about 14 to 320. Observation has demonstrated that about one out of ten of the teams that pass over the bridge at this point is heavily loaded, and such as this grade might be difficult for it to overcome. To the other nine, and to the countless number of foot passengers going here, the present grade is nothing. The remedy to the others will be lightening their loads.

The tunnel is ventilated by means of apertures and openings at intervals, and is lighted by gas, the gas lights being about three feet apart in the various causeways. The gas will be required both night and day, as a continuous darkness is here, unvisited even by sun, moon or stars.

PERMANGANATE OF POTASSA, it is asserted, is the most effectual agent in deodorizing and cleansing old cider and beer barrels, musty cans and bottles. It is stated that a pint of the permanganate turned into the most musty, filthy cider or beer cask, and rinsed about a few moments, will entirely decompose all fungoid growths and fermenting matter, and render the cask as sweet as those that are new. The deodorizing, disinfecting power of the permanganate, holding as it does five equivalents of oxygen, is reported to be wonderful; it will even deodorize carbolic acid. The only way to remove immediately the odor of carbolic acid from the hands is to immerse them in the liquid permanganate. The officinal solution contains four grains of the permanganate of potassa to one fluid ounce of water.

A SHORT AND CHEAP TRIP.—When the railway across the continent of America is completed, there will be constant conveyance by means of railways and mail packets for passengers desiring to travel round the world. The grand tour will be twenty-two thousand miles in length, and will cost $1,500, and will be accomplished in about eighty days. The American tourist will be able to visit England, Japan, China, Ceylon and Egypt. He will cross the Atlantic, North Pacific and Indian Oceans, the Red and Mediterranean seas, the continent of America and the delta of Egypt. He will be able to sail in the beginning of May, and to arrive home again about the middle of July.

SENATOR TRUMBULL, who is working upon the Georgia Senatorial case, is understood to favor the admission of the Hon. Joshua Hill, while Senator Edmunds opposes. Governor Bullock and others hold that the government of Georgia is provisional until a full delegation in Congress is recognized, and that, the Legislature having omitted to take the test oath, all its acts are void. Many Southern as well as Northern Senators will stubbornly resist the admission of Mr. Hill. Dr. Miller cannot expect admission, having been a surgeon in the rebel army.

IN ADDITION to the government plantations of cinchona, or Peruvian bark trees, in India, Java, Ceylon, etc., they have been established in the mountains of Jamaica with gratifying success. The cultivated tree can be made to furnish a larger percentage of quinine than the native tree has ever done, increasing from four or five per cent. to double the amount. The cost of the article is likely before long to be materially reduced in consequence of the large number of trees under cultivation, amounting in India to several millions.

THE COMING DEBT STATEMENT.—The statement of the condition of the public debt, on the first of January next, is expected to show a decrease of about eight millions from that of last month, which it will be remembered, showed an increase over the previous one of $11,962,292. At the time the last statement was issued it was thought the one for January, 1869, would overbalance this great increase, but the present indictaoins do not favor such a result.

THE story told in the papers about an attempt by Senators at the close of the July session to have General Rosecrans' nomination to Mexico changed to Russia, and the refusal of the Administration to act thereon, is entirely new to the President and members of the Cabinet.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Success guaranteed. DR. RICORD'S ESSENCE OF LIFE restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising; the effects of early pernicious habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to this wonderful medicine, if taken regularly according to the directions, (which are very simple, and require no restraint from business or pleasure.) Failure is impossible. Sold in bottles at $3, or four quantities in one for $9. To be had only of the sole appointed agent in America, H. GERITZEN, 205 Second Avenue, New York. je13:l64-TTS

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a new Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to live and what to live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous diseases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c. Pocket volumes containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy and Science, 618 Broadway, New York. je13:l65-TTS

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies all effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. ap28:p28

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physcians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:q36T

AUCTION SALES.

BY H. B. SMITHSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND CARPETS

FOR THE MILLION.

AT

SMITHSON'S EMPORIUM,

55 AND 57 FIFTH AVENUE.

Messrs. H. B. SMITHSON & CO., proprietors of the well known Mammoth Auction House are creating an excitement consequent upon the arrival of new goods which are being sold at remarkable low prices. Goods of every variety; the finest sewed boots, the most fashionable balmoral gaiters and ankiet shoes, slippers, &c., blankets, flannels, cloths, cassimeres, cutlery and carpets. Call and examine. No trouble to show goods. Ladies', misses' and children's furs at almost your own prices. All goods wartanted as represented no24

NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.

A meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS

of the ODD FELLOWS FUND ASSOCIATION will be held in their Hall in TEMPERANCEVILLE, on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1869, between the hours of 6 and 8 P. M.
de30:c8 JOHN S. HOLLINGSHEAD, Sec'y.

OFFICE OF BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE CO., ALLEGHENY, PA., Dec. 29, 1868.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION

FOR FIFTEEN DIRECTORS,

to serve for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the company, 41 OHIO STREET, on MONDAY, January 11th, 1869, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de30:c7 GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.

THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO., Temperanceville, Dec. 26, 1868.

THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO.—Have this declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of Government tax on the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1869, at the office of the company.
de30:c9 WM. ESPY, President.

EPISCOPAL CLASSICAL ACADEMY.

School Room of ST. PETER'S CHURCH, corner Grant and Diamond streets.

The Second Term of the School year begins the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY.

No pupils under ten years of age received.

Mr. FRANCIS SCHMID,
Rev. T. L. BELLAN.

Apply to the Principal Rev. T. L. BELLAN, Pittsburgh. de24:b89

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21st, 1868.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY

PRISON—The annual election of officers of this Institution will be held at the stated meeting of the BOARD OF INSPECTORS on JANUARY 2d, 1869,

By order of the Board.
de22:b82-d&F HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. CO. OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, PITTSBURGH, December 15, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company have declared the regular QUARTERLY DIVIDEND (No. 30) of 2½ per cent. free of Government Tax, on the capital stock, for the quarter ending December 31, 1868, and semi-annual interest of 3½ per cent., less Government Tax, on the Third Mortgage Bonds, payable on and after MONDAY, the 19th day of January, 1869, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 27 PINE STREET, to those registered at New York, and at the Office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on SATURDAY, 26th instant, at 2 P. M., and re-open TUESDAY, the 20th of January, 1869 at 10 A. M.

F. M. HUTCHISON,
de28:b100 Secretary.

OFFICE HOUSE OF REFUGE WESTERN PA., No. 67 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, December 23d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF

the Contributors to the House of Refuge will be held at the Office of the Institution, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 4th day of January, 1869, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, to hear the Report of the Board of Managers, and to elect officers for the ensuing year.

By order J. B. D MEEDS,
de24:b92 Secretar.

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION—A gentleman teacher of experience desires a school. Location immaterial. Address, stating salary, "Teacher," GAZETTE office.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentlemen at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—$50 to $200 PER MONTH—To sell a New Book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, by GEORGE E. WARING, Esq., the distinguished Author and Agricultural Engineer of the New York Central Park, &c. Nothing like it; 200 Engravings. Sells at sight to Farmers, Mechanics and workingmen of all classes. Send for Circulars. A. L. TALCOTT & CO., 58 Market street, Pittsburgh, Penna. de7-a WF

WANTS.

WANTED—PARTNER.—WITH a capital of from $3,000 to $5,000, to assist in manufacturing and selling a valuable patented Machine, which is fully perfected, and the business already established. For particulars call at WHITE BROS. & CO.'S Agricultural Warehouse, No. 6 Seventh avenue.

WANTED—TO RENT—Any person having a comfortable house of four or five rooms, in a desirable location in either city or suburbs, can hear of a good tenant by addressing J. R. S., GAZETTE OFFICE

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND and mortgage on Allegheny County Property. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

WANTED.—Thirty to Fifty Thousand ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILWAY BONDS in exchange for productive city property. Also first class mortgage security for Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars, three or five years to run for cash. Address D. L., care Postoffice Box 526.

TO LET.

TO LET—OFFICE—A fine room on second floor of "PHELAN'S BUILDINGS," FIFTH AVENUE, with good light and ventilation and all the conveniences of a first class office. Rent moderate. Enquire of JAMES PHELAN, on the premises.

TO LET—Two most Convenient HOUSES—One with eight rooms and the other eleven, on Eighth street near Penn, opposite Christ Church. Inquire at 277 Penn street.

TO LET.--TWO HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at 199 Third avenue.

WANTED—TO RENT.—TWO or THREE ROOMS OR A SMALL HOUSE, in a pleasant location, by a man and wife; no children. Good reference. Address C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE FARM, Containing 161 acres, located in Allegheny county, 24 miles from the city, fronts on West Pennsylvania Railroad, and the buildings are within ten minutes walk of Matron and Karnes' stations; 31 acres of timber, 80 acres in grass. The whole farm can be worked by machinery; good brick house of 8 rooms and splendid cellar; large frame barn and all necessary outbuildings; 300 choice grafted fruit trees of all varieties, good soil and well watered; would make a splendid dairy farm. Everything in first-class order, and needs only to be seen to be appreciated, will be sold low as the owner is determined to go South. Terms easy. Apply to, or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 FOURTH AVENUE.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS LEASEHOLD—Having a front of 46 feet on Washington street, just above the Grain Elevator, by 115 feet deep along Hill alley, on which is erected 3 three story brick business houses, now renting for $1,900 per year. Lease has 18 years to run. Ground rent low. Sold separate or together. Price low and terms easy. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND—A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at 77 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE—That fine two story brick warehouse, 24 by 64 feet, situated on OHIO STREET, Allegheny city, No. 95, now occupied as a Flour and Grain Warehouse. Also, that two story brick dwelling house, 20 by 64 feet, adjoining the above containing six rooms For further particulars enquire on the premises of M. STEEL & SON.

FOR SALE—An old Tavern Stand, No. 15 SMITHFIELD STREET. For particulars enquire at JOSEPH SPENCER'S, Bull's Head Tavern, Second Avenue.

FOR SALE—A new house of seven rooms, gas and water, with range in kitchen corner PRIDE and FORBES STREETS. Also a house of four rooms to-let, front on Forbes street.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A first class retail drug store in a very desirable location. Terms easy. Address box 1317, Pittsburgh.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Relative to Weighing Coal.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Finance Committee be and are hereby authorized and empowered to establish scales for weighing coal in and upon the premises of any person or corporation engaged in the business of selling coal within the city of Pittsburgh, provided said dealer shall petition for the same, and agree to furnish the scales and pay the Weighmaster, and, in all respects, comply with the provisions of this ordinance.

SEC. 2. The Weighmaster for said scales shall be nominated by the owner of the scales, and appointed by the Finance Committee, and shall be subject to removal by said Committee whenever, in their judgment, he may not faithfully perform the duties of his appointment.

SEC. 3. Before entering upon the duties of his appointment he shall be duly sworn or affirmed, and give bond with one or more sureties—to be approved by the Finance Committee—in the sum of one thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties.

SEC. 4. He shall weigh all coal sold or delivered by the owner of said scales, keep a register of each load weighed, and furnish to the driver a certificate of the number of bushels therein contained; and shall, on the first day of each month, make to the Controller a return, under oath, of the number of loads weighed and the number of bushels contained in each of said loads.

SEC. 5. If such weighmaster shall neglect to weigh any coal sold or delivered by the owner of the scales for which he was appointed, or shall neglect to give a certificate to the driver, he shall, for each offense, forfeit the sum of five dollars. If he shall fail to keep a correct register of all coal weighed by him, or shall neglect to make the return to the Controller, as required by this ordinance, he shall forfeit, for each offense, the sum of twenty dollars.

SEC. 6. The scales established under this ordinance shall be tested by the Sealer of Weights and Measures at least once in six months—the fees therefor to be paid by the owner—and shall, at all times, be subject to the inspection of such person as may be directed by the Controller or Finance Committee to make the same; and all the books kept by the Weighmaster shall, at all times, be subject to similar inspection.

SEC. 7. Any person who may from time to time be appointed by the Finance Committee or the Controller for that purpose, may require any load of coal to be weighed on the nearest public scales, and the weight tested by subsequently weighing the wagon, cart or other vehicle; provided that the fees for weighing the same shall be paid by the person so directing the weighing thereof.

SEC. 8. If any purchaser of coal shall so demand, it shall be the duty of the owner of said coal to have the same weighed on the nearest public city scales; provided the fees for weighing the same shall be paid by said purchaser.

SEC. 9. If any coal which may be weighed on the public city scales, under the preceding sections, shall be found to contain a less quantity than that stated in the certificate of the weighmaster, the owner of said coal and the weighmaster shall each forfeit the sum of twenty dollars.

SEC. 10. The owner of said scales shall be authorized to collect from purchasers the same fees as are charged by the weighmaster, and shall pay to the city for each load weighed on said scales, when the same contains less than 30 bushels, 2 cents; when over 30 and less than 60, 3 cents; when over 60, 5 cents.

SEC. 11. No coal shall be weighed on any scales established under this ordinance, except such as belongs to the owner of said scales.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29:

AN ORDINANCE

Supplementary to an Ordinance Opening Bedford Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That William H. Denniston and John H. Stewart be and the same are hereby appointed Viewers on the opening of Bedford avenue instead of George R. White and Thomas Aiken, who decline serving.

SEC. 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Arch Street, late Fisk Street, from Kirkpatrick Street to the late Township Road.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Arch street (late Fisk street) in accordance with the "City District Plan," and to appraise damages and assess benefits. Daniel Aiken, Sr., William H. Denniston and J. H. Stewart are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

(Changing the Grade of Cliff Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same.* That Cliff street, between Fulton and Gum street be changed so as to conform with a plan accompanying this ordinance, a duplicate copy of which to be filed in the City Engineer's office.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Washington Street, East Liberty, from the Greensburg Turnpike to Centre Avenue.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Washington street (East Liberty) from the Greensburg Turnpike to Centre avenue, in accordance with the plan in the City Engineer's office, and to appraise damages, and assess benefits John H. Stewart, W. H. Denniston and David Arthur, Sr., are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6, 1864

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. M. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29:

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Roberts Street, between Centre Avenue and Webster Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized to survey and open so much of Roberts street, between Centre avenue and Webster avenue, as has not heretofore been opened, in accordance with the "City District Plan," and to appraise damages and assess benefits Robert King, Adam Weaver and H. W. Oliver, Jr., are hereby appointed in accordance with an act of Assembly approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Locust Alley, from Fortieth Street to Forty-first Street.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading and Paving of Locust alley from Fortieth street to Forty-first street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same are hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
WM. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29:

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Construction of a Board Walk on Greensburg Pike, &c.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a Board Walk on the Greensburg Turnpike, from the intersection of Bellfontaine street to Winebiddle street; thence along Winebiddle street to Pearl street; thence along Pearl street to Main street; thence along Main street to Elm street.

SEC. 2. The cost of constructing the same to be assessed to property fronting thereon, and to be collected as the assesments made by the city are collected.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER.
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Centre Street from Forty-Fourth to Forty-Fifth Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Centre street, from Forty-Fourth street to Forty-Fifth street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; Also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Foster's Alley, from Butler Street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading and paving of FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER.
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

For Opening Kirkpatrick Street from Duncan Strdet to Arch Street, late Fisk Street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized to survey and open Kirkpatrick street from Duncan to Arch, late Fisk street, in accordance with the "City District Plan," and to appraise damages and assess benefits James McGinnis, Paul Seibert, and James S. Craft are hereby appointed, in accordance with an act of Assembly, approved January 6, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER.
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Almond Alley, from Butler Street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and is hereby directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading and Paving of Almond alley from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 5. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Roberts Streets from Centre Avenue to Bedford Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Roberts street, from Centre avenue to Bedford avenue, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857, also, an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of December, A. D. 1868.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. de29

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

1 Acre at Woods Run.
4 Acres and House in East Liberty.
8 Acres, unimproved, on Troy Hill.
2 Acres on Greensburg Pike.
5 Acres on Four Mile Run Road 1¼ miles from P. C. R. R.
70 Acres near P. F. W. & C. R. R.
118 Acres near Pa. R. R., Westmoreland county.
90 Acres at Hill Side Station, Pa. R. R.
4 Farms in Preston county, West Virginia.
185 Acres in Armstrong county, underlaid with coal.
108 Acres and good improvements, in Trumbull county, Ohio.
900 Acres of Timber land, with Saw Mill and dwellings.
House and Lot on Center Avenue, near Kirkpatrick.
House and Lot on Vicroy street.
House and Lot in East Liberty.
House and Lot in Mansfield.
House and Lot on Carroll street, Allegheny.
House and Lot on Beaver avenue.
2 Houses and 4 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Lots, very cheap, on Vine street.
2 Houses and Lot on Franklin street.
1 House of 9 Rooms and 2 Lots on Roberts St.
Farms In Illinois, Missouri and West Virginia.
Coal Lands in Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Beaver counties in Penna.

TO-LET.

2 Houses of 9 Rooms in the 17th ward; rent $300
3 do. of 3 do. do. 17th do. do. 144
2 do. of 3 do. do. 12th do. do. 156
2 do. of 6 do. do. 8th do. do. 360
1 do. of 6 do. do. 8th do. do. 300
1 do. of 9 do. do. 2d do. do. 600
1 do. of 3 do. do. 6th do. do. 192
1 do. of 5 do. do 6th do. do. 240
1 do. of 4 do. do. 17th do. do. 168
1 do. of 7 do. do. 2d do.
1 do. of 6 do. Grant street.

The Houses that I have for rent will be rented very low to good tenants for the balance of the rental years

APPLY AT

D. P. HATCH'S REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

**

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Banquet.—The Knights Templars of this vicinity propose having a grand banquet on the evening of January 21, 1869.

The report of H. J. Moore, Esq., City Engineer to City Councils will be found on our fifth page. It developes the ability and capacity of that officer.

"Cursed be Canaan" will be the subject of Petroleum V. Nasby's lecture before the Mercantile Library Association on Monday evening next.

Fined.—A drunken husband was fined twenty dollars and costs by Mayor Drum for beating his wife. In default of payment he was committed to jail.

City Reports.—On our fifth page to-day will be found the able and comprehensive annual reports of the City Engineer, Street Commissioners and of the Street and Survey Committees of Councils.

Not a Candidate.—MESSRS. EDITORS: Please state that I am not a candidate for Director of the Poor of Allegheny City, and that I hope my name will be omitted from the slips of the several wards.

SAMUEL RIDDLE.

Assaulted.—Frank Wunderline alleges that John Koehler knocked him down in a beer saloon on Ohio street, Allegheny, yesterday. Koehler was arrested on a warrant issued by Alderman Mullen, and after a hearing the case was settled, defendant paying costs.

Fell Down.—One of the horses attached to a wagon loaded with hoop iron fell down on Penn street yesterday afternoon. It was sometime before he could raised to his feet again, the street in the meantime being obstructed and the running of passenger cars interfered with.

The Street Committee of Council publish a resolution complimentary to its Chairman, Mr. James G. Weldon. Were all the members of that branch of our municipal government as faithful, energetic and industrious as he, our city affairs would, indeed, be well managed.

Surety.—Sarah Brown alleges that Frederick Winkle threatened to throw her into the run—a meandering stream which flows by her residence, and is known as Butchers' run. Alderman Mullen yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of Frederick for surety of the peace.

Watery Assault.—Miss Mary Trozier is said to have thrown a bucket of water over Mrs. Bridget McClov, hence Bridget made information against her for assault and battery before Alderman Taylor, yesterday, upon which a warrant was issued. The parties reside in the Ninth ward.

Abused Her.—Caroline Fusche, resident of Temperanceville, alleges that Charles Kalfield came to her house Tuesday evening and beat her in a shameful manner and otherwise acted in a disorderly manner. Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, issued a warrant for the arrest of Charles.

Leg Broken.—John Irwin, while engaged in a wrestling match with a friend in a beer saloon in the Twelfth ward, Tuesday, was thrown to the floor, breaking his right leg in the fall. A surgeon was called and set the fractured limb, after which the injured man was taken to his residence in the vicinity.

A Suggestion.—Now that Pittsburgh has purchased the Greensburg turnpike leading from the city, Allegheny might, with considerable advantage to her citizens, imitate the example of her sister and do likewise with the Perrysville, or New Brighton, roads, two of the most important thoroughfares leading from her borders.

Not Hurt.—We stated on Monday morning that Mr. Alex. Chambers had been seriously hurt by being thrown from his buggy. It seems we were in error in regard to the circumstance. Mr. Chambers was riding along the road in his buggy, when a wagon coming from the opposite direction collided with him, breaking his vehicle, but not injuring the occupant.

Street Commissioner Hunter's report to the City Councils shows an expenditure of $16,763.26 for the past year, during which an immense amount of labor was performed in the most satisfactory manner. Mr. Hunter is a clever and capable officer, who will, in all probability, be honored with an unanimous re-election, as no opposition has been manifested toward him in any quarter.

Want Them Removed.—Residents on Herr's Island are agitating the question of the removal of the refineries located there, the Island is now a part of Allegheny city, and as no refinery, according to an ordinance, is allowed within the city limits. The complainants think that Councils should attend to the matter. It will likely come up before that body at their next meeting.

The Allegheny Sewerage Question.—Last evening the Sewerage Commission of the Allegheny Councils had a conference with the Committee of citizens appointed at a recent meeting of residents of the hill part of the city, in relation to the assessment of the sewerage tax in that district. The Commission, after hearing the statements and suggestions of the Committee, deferred action in the matter until they could properly present it to Councils for consideration and instructions.

Allegheny City Home.—The members of the Allegheny Councils and a number of invited guests will visit the Allegheny City Home to-day, on a tour of inspection, by invitation of the Board of Directors. They will start from the depot of the Westnnsylvania Railroad, at nine o'clock orning. Those finding that train inient, can take the eleven o'clock and be on time. A large company e in attendance, and the trip will less be a very pleasant and enjoyable

Price of a Quarrel.—John Ewing and Thomas Grimes entered the May Flower saloon, No. 74 Federal street, Alleghenv, on Tuesday evening, and commenced quarreling, and when the proprietor endeavored to quell the disturbance, Ewing, it is alleged, drew a revolver and made sundry fierce threats of vengeance. An officer was summoned and took the belligerents into custody. Yesterday morning, after spending a night in the lock-up, they were each fined ten dollars and costs. They paid the bill and were discharged.

Newsboy's Dinner.—Mr. John W. Pittock, proprietor of the *Leader*, and preeminently the friend and patron of the city newsboys, will give the customary dinner to his youthful friends, at Lafayette Hall, on New Year's day. Mr. P. started in life as a newsboy, and through industry, enterprise and business integrity made his way up in the world and occupies a proud position as a self-made man. His annual remembrance of the newsboys is a grateful acknowledgment of his beginning, and does his head and heart much good.

Carriage Overturned.—On Tuesday afternoon as a funeral procession was moving along the Spring Garden Road, Eighth ward, Allegheny, the horses attached to one of the carriages became unmanageable, and backed the vehicle over an embankment ten or fifteen feet in height. The carriage was demolished by the fall, but the occupants, Mr. Andrew Caspar and family, miraculously escaped without injury. Neither of the horses were seriously hurt, and beyond the demolition of the vehicle, no damage was done. The accident occurred about three o'clock in the afternoon.

CONVENTION OF DISFRANCHISED MEN.

THIRD DAY—MORNING SESSION.

The Convention met at half past nine o'clock yesterday morning, President Garnett in the Chair, and was opened by prayer by Mr. Thomas, after which the convention sung,

"Oh, for a thousand tongues to sing,
My Great Redeemer's Praise."

The minutes of the proceedings were read and approved.

Mr. Coulter arose to an explanation relative to his resolutions, adopted at a previous meeting, providing for the celebration of the emancipation of the colored race.

On motion of Mr. Divine, the Finance Committee was instructed to pay the expenses incurred by the Convention.

Mr. Thomas moved that the delegates be instructed to collect the money necessary to defray their expenses from the immediate district in which they reside. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Anderson arose to a question of privilege relative to the resolution concerning colored business men. He condemned the passage of the resolution in the strongest terms, and in a most forcible and able manner.

On motion, it was resolved that Mr. Garnett should reply to Mr. Anderson, which that gentleman attempted to do.

At the conclusion of Mr. Garnett's remarks, a motion that the discussion become general, was adopted.

Mr. Jackson took the floor, and talked in such a strain that the more sensible portion of the convention became disgusted with the subject, and on motion of Mr. Johnson, the matter in question was postponed until the 21st day of Dec., 1869.

Mr. Neale moved that members of the Convention pledge themselves to respond to the call of the business committee for money to defray the expense of printing the minutes.

Mr. Pulpress moved to amend, by requiring the money to be paid in advance, and the committee instructed to furnish a copy of the proceedings when published.

The motion, as amended, was adopted.

A considerable sum of money was collected, after which the convention adjourned, to meet in Allegheny City, on the 21st day of December, 1869.

The long metre Doxology was then sung, and the convention dismissed with a benediction.

A New Game—Burglary on Penn Street—The Burglar Arrested.

Tuesday night, the house of Robert Robb, Esq., on Penn street, was entered by a burglar and a gold watch and chain and an overcoat stolen. Sometime during the morning, a man came to the back door of Mr. Robb's house and asked for something to eat, making some one of the many statements men of his profession adopt as an excuse for his poverty. He was furnished with something to eat and took his departure. Late in the evening the same man returned and asked for supper, which was also given him, when he again left. The next morning Mr. Robb discovered that his house had been entered by burglars and the articles mentioned stolen. The back door had been broken or forced open with a "jimmy." Mr. Robb repaired to the Mayor's office and secured the services of officer Mossner, to whom he detailed the circumstance and gave a description of the man who had been at the house on Wednesday, and also of the property stolen. The officer set himself to work, first visiting all the pawn shops and leaving a description of the property, and instructions to have the party offering it arrested, and then he started in search of his man. About one o'clock he was informed by Mr. De Roy that a watch answering the description of the one stolen, had been received at his establishment, stating that it had been taken in by his brother, who left it, and the description corresponded during his absence. He described the man with that given by Mr. Robb of the man who had visited his house on Tuesday. A short time afterward the vigilant officer discovered his man in Cheap John's auction store, on Smithfield street, and sent for Mr. De Roy, who identified him. The officer took him in custody and conveyed him to the lockup where he was searched, when a pawn ticket for the watch and another for a coat was found on him; but the coat did not prove to be the one taken from Mr. Robb, and the thief, although admitting that he committed the robbery, refused to tell what he did with the coat.

The begging dodge is being extensively practiced in this city, and we would advise our readers to be on their guard against all persons who visit them under the pretence of begging cold victuals, &c., as it is generally only an excuse to make a reconoissance of the premises preparatory to the perpetration of a burglary.

The burglar arrested yesterday refuses to give his name, but states that he come to this city from Chicago. He will very probably remain in this vicinity long enough to learn a useful trade.

Western University Alumni.

The regular semi-annual meeting of this Association was held at the University Building on Tuesday afternoon last, with James W. Murray, Esq., President, in the chair, and Mr. W. J. Sawyer Secretary.

Quite a number of the members were present and the proceedings were of an unusually interesting character:

Letters regretting the inability of the writers to attend were received and read from Hon. D. Agnew, of the Supreme Court; Rev. R. D. Harper, D. D., of Xenia, Ohio; Andrew Burke, Esq., of Perrysville, Pa.; Hon. Joseph Buffington, of Kittanning, Pa., and others. Addresses abounding in wit, humor and instruction, were made by Hon. Thomas Mellon, Rev. Richard Lee, and Josiah King, Esq. Having decided to publish a catalogue of the Alumni and a great amount of the data required therefor having been destroyed in the disastrous fires of 1845 and 1849, a committee consisting of Hon. Thomas Mellon, Rev. John G. Brown, D. D., Rev. Richard Lee, Rev. Robert Rogers, and C. C. Montooth, W. D. Moore and J. W. Murray, Esqs., were appointed to prepare the same and have it published as soon as practicable, together with such facts and incidents of interest concerning the history of the University and its graduates as can be obtained.

A committee consisting of Messrs. J. R. Wightman, Joel S. Bigham and R. C. Moore was appointed to prepare a constitution and by-laws, and report the same for consideration at the next regular meeting of the Association.

After transacting considerable business and the appointing of a Committee on "Correspondence" and one to report nominations for an Orator and Poet for the exercises of 1869, and instructing the Executive Committee to consider the expediency of holding a "Re union" at the next regular meeting to be held in June, 1869, the Association adjourned to hear the address of W. D. Moore, Esq., already reported in our columns.

United States District Court.

In the District Court petitions for adjudication in Bankruptcy were filed by Robert W. Bulkley, E. S. Torrance, Alfred H. Hofer, James and Hiram Harrington, of Crawford county; Samuel Durham, Francis W. Walker, Beaver county; Adolph Roedelheim, Allegheny county; F. B. Stewart, Blair county; S. B. Shafer, Huntingdon county; W. H. Hale, Lycoming county; F. D. Bunnell, Tioga county; T. J. Parvin, Northumberland county; H. H. Brown, Wm. H. Schlabach, John H. Kleckner, Leonard B. Rupert, Columbia county; Jos. Rank, Wm. Atherholt, Joseph Atherholt, Thomas D. Conyngham, Chas. F. Ingham, Patrick De Lace, H. K. Grant, Luzerne county; Chas. Betts, Susquehanna county; George S. Hays, Jerrold H. Speer, Allegheny county; Daniel Sweitzer, Indiana county.

Brutal Assault—A Man Knocked Down and Beaten and Left on the Roadside Insensible.

A most brutal and unprovoked assault was perpetrated upon a peaceable and unoffending citizen on Tuesday night at or near Wolf's Tavern, in McClure township, and the victim left lying on the roadside in a dying condition. The facts, so far as we have been able to ascertain them, are as follows: Yesterday morning at an early hour two men from Messrs. Moore & Pollock's paint shop were going to McClure township to do some work, and when near Wolf's Tavern they found a man lying on the side of the road with his skull fractured, his face beaten and bruised, and his hands and feet frozen. He was insensible when they found him, and consequently unable to give any information regarding his condition. He was removed to Wolf's Tavern, and after the application of the proper restoratives was resuscitated and partially restored to sensibility, when he stated that his name was Peter Miller. R. H. Kerr, Esq., was sent for and took the injured man's deposition, which was in substance as follows: He states that he had been in Allegheny City late at night, and when on his way to the country inquired where he could stop for the night, and was directed to Wolf's Tavern. He went there and found the house closed; he knocked at the door, and was waiting for an answer when a man drove up in a buggy, jumped out, and without any provocation struck him on the head with the butt of a whip.

It is alleged that he identified Wolf, the proprietor of the house, as the man who struck him. The stroke rendered him insensible, and he does not know anything that occurred after that time until he was restored to consciousness yesterday morning.

Mr. Wolf states that he was not at home that night, but was attending a ball in Manchester, which, if he can establish, will exonerate him from the charge.

Mr. Kerr, we are informed, identified Miller as a man he had seen Tuesday evening, and who inquired of him where he could be accommodated with lodgings for the night. It was also stated that a pool of blood was discovered on Mr. Wolf's porch this morning, near which the man was standing. We do not give this statement for truth, however, as it is only a rumor, and might, if untrue, do injustice to an innocent man.

The matter will be thoroughly investigated, and if Mr. Wolf is innocent, as we hope he is, we will be pleased to speak in his vindication.

Probably Fatal Accident.

An accident occurred Monday night at Carpenter's station on the Pennsylvania railroad, by which Michael, an Italian boy, was dangerously and probably fatally injured. It appears that some Italian minstrels, on the evening stated, called at Mrs. Shaner's boarding house and asked for lodging, but being unable to accommodate them they were directed to a watch box on the railroad, where they went to spend the night, and while there a pistol in the hands of Frank Paul Molita was accidentally discharged, the contents lodging in the breast of Michael, producing a wound that it is thought must necessarily result fatally, if it has not already done so. The report of the pistol attracted some of the boarders at Mrs. Shaner's house, and they went to the place where they found the wounded boy apparently dying. He was immediately cared for, and revived partially for a time; but yesterday it was thought he could not survive much beyond noon. Molita was taken in custody and brought to this city yesterday by one of the men of the boarding house. He is now in the lock up and asserts positively that the shooting was all an accident. The only name known for the wounded boy is Michael.

—Since writing the above, we learn from Alderman Strain, who visited the scene of the accident yesterday evening, that the injured boy died about half-past two o'clock in the afternoon.

Taken In.

A gentleman in Allegheny, in imitation of the Good Samaritan, generously offered to provide for a couple of strangers who gave their names as John and Ann Higgins, and stated that they had arrived in the city on their way to Steubenville in destitute circumstances. While waiting in their benefactor's house the husband went out, and after remaining away a short time returned, bearing with him evidences of where he had been in the shape of a villainous looking bottle. Supper over, the couple commenced to test the quality of the contents of the bottle, which resulted in a noisy demonstration in a short time, and the gentleman was finally compelled to call in a police officer and have them taken to the lock-up. The next morning they plead hard for release and promised to leave the city forthwith, upon the strength of which Mayor Drum allowed them to depart. In the afternoon of the same day, however, they were arrested on Ridge street in an intoxicated condition and annoying the neighborhood by their conduct. They were locked up until yesterday morning, when the Mayor committed them for ten days to jail.

A Game of Poker.

The circumstances of the assault made by James Crawford, night watchman at the stables of the Minersville Passenger Railway, upon one of the car drivers, must still be fresh in the minds of our readers. Crawford seems to have a passion for games of the sort, if any account can be taken of his actions. According to the statement of Henry Hume, made before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, Crawford exhibited his disposition in a marked degree on Tuesday evening. Hume states that he went into the stable office to get warm when he was ordered out by Crawford. He refused to go, whereupon the poker was brought into requisition and applied vigorously to the back, head and shoulders of the obstinate Hume, inflicting many severe and painful bruises. Hence the information, upon which a warrant was issued.

A Matrimonial Difficulty.

Carrie and Howard Johnson were married some time ago but never could perfectly agree, and consequently a separation took place between them shortly after the honeymoon was over. Carrie occupies a house in the Third ward, Allegheny, and Howard is employed as a barber somewhere in Pittsburgh. On Tuesday evening Carrie alleges that Howard came to her house and demanded admittance, which was refused, whereupon he broke open the door and entered, breathing threats of vengeance against his spouse, who fled for her life. At least this is the story she told before the Alderman yesterday, who accordingly issued a warrant for the arrest of Howard.

Emigrant Robbed.

Charles Diebold, a French emigrant, who arrived in this city Tuesday night, was robbed at the emigrant depot of the Pennsylvania railroad, yesterday morning. He arrived on the emigrant train, and with the other passengers went into the waiting room where he soon fell asleep. The next morning he discovered that his overcoat and about $250 in gold had been stolen. He says that on the train coming to the city a reespectably dressed, pleasant gentleman, with a black moustache, endeavored at various times to make his acquaintance, and last night went with him into the emigrant depot, but this morning was missing, as well as Diebold's overcoat and money.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—M'lle. Ravel, the accomplished actress, will take a benefit at the Opera House this evening, when she will appear in her graceful and elegant tight-rope performance, after which the "Angel of Midnight" will be presented. This is one of her most powerful pieces, as it gives a wider range for a display of talent in her class of plays. Her tight-rope performance is unequalled by any other artiste in the country, and as this is the occasion of her benefit, we hope the public will show their appreciation of her talent in a substantial manner.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—Susie Summerfield, the graceful and sylph-like danseuse, is now occupying the boards at the Pittsburgh Theatre. She is, without question, a true artiste in her profession. In addition to having a pretty and attractive face, her form is exquisite, and her dancing is the poetry of motion. Her every movement is that of an artiste who has labored diligently to make the profession. She is one of the brightest stars in the terpsichorean constellation, and the public are evincing their appreciation of her talent by a liberal patronage. She is not the only attraction at the old "Drury," however, as the entire excellent varieties company are still on hand and add materially to the excellence of the entertainment.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The grand military allegory of The Drummer Boy of Shiloh, which attracted very large and fashionable audiences to the Academy of Music during last week, will be re-produced at that establishment this evening, and will remain the remainder of the present week, during which time those of our citizens who have not yet had the pleasure of seeing it will have the opportunity of doing so, an opportunity they should by all means improve, as another one so favorable may not soon again present itself. The box sheet has been open since Monday, and a large number of the seats have been been taken, but there are still a few more good ones left, and those who desire to secure seats should do so early, lest they be disappointed.

BLIND TOM.—The marvellous musical prodigy, Blind Tom, who has enraptured audiences wherever by inspiration he has manipulated the keys of a piano, is to hold a short levee at Masonic Hall for three nights, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday next. The concerts of this blind black child of music, who interprets the most difficult of compositions, after hearing them executed, in a manner which baffles the mind to account for the mystery, save in attributing it as a special gift of Providence, are the most chaste and entertaining occasions imaginable, and we trust there will be a general outpouring to hear him.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The Orphans' Fair continues to be one of the most popular attractions in the city at present. A magnificent gold watch, to be given to the most popular citizen, is being spiritedly contested for. Mr. Henry Freyvogle, at the close of the polls last evening, headed the list. The contest for the rowboat is also progressing very lively, with the chances about even at last accounts. The boat is expected to arrive to-day. It was built by Elliott, of New York, and is said to be one of his finest pieces of workmanship, costing $400. The voting on the other articles is also quite brisk, and taken altogether the whole affair seems to be meeting with the heartiest encouragement from all. We would advise all who wish to spend an hour pleasantly to drop in.

MISSION CHURCH FAIR.—The fair and festival given in the Mission Church, corner of North and Avery streets, Allegheny, attracted a large attendance last evening, and the hearts of the managers were made to rejoice at the rapidity with which the articles for sale on the different booths were taken up. Aside from this, however, the fair seems to increase in interest as it progresses, and it was the remark of many that it seemed to be more enjoyable last evening than any evening heretofore. The admission price is but twenty-five cents, which is certainly small enough pay for two or three hours' enjoyment.

MASONIC HALL.—Newcomb's Minstrels gave the first of a series of entertainments at Masonic Hall, last evening, to a large and appreciative audience. The troupe is one of the best that has visited the city during the present season, and will, if we mistake not, do a thriving business. Their music, both vocal and instrumental, is all new and of the very best quality, and the witticisms do not smack of that staleness which is characteristic of minstrel troupes generally. They give a grand matinee Friday afternoon.

ATTRACTIVE ENTERTAINMENT.—On New Year's evening an entertainment of a varied and interesting character will be given in the First Methodist Church, Fifth avenue. Rev. Wm. Evans, widely known as a first class elocutionist and reader, proposes to recite a number of selections from ancient and modern standard authors, in prose and poetry, the programme to be interspersed with musical exercises by the choir of the church, which has the reputation of being one of the best in this vicinity. An entertainment presenting so many attractions ought certainly to attract a large audience, and as it is given in aid of a good cause, we hope the house will be crowded.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed of record before H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, Dec. 30, 1868:

Patrick McAnulty to Francis G. Walker, December 21, 1868; lot in Nineteenth ward, Pittsburgh, Station street, 30 by 130 feet.....$1,000

Lydia Speakman to Christopher Claproth, June 6, 1868; four acres of land in Elizabeth tp.....$1,200

James Torrens to School Directors of the Fourth Ward, Allegheny, November 5, 1868; lot on Gay alley, Allegheny, 27 by 60 feet.....$1 500

E. Bothwell to John Johnston, October 1, 1868; lot on Western avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny, 20 by 120 feet.....$800

Elizabeth N. Davis to August Schlegel, September 16, 1867; lot on Davis street, Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, 20 by 94 feet.....$200

August Schlegel to Josiah Debacker, November 13, 1868; above mentioned lot.....$225

John Gragin to Samuel Cromlish, August 11, 1868; lot on Washington avenue, Wilkins township, 300 by 143 feet.....6,000

Wm. P. Willoughby to John Johnston, December 5, 1868; lot on Chartiers street, Sixth ward, Allegheny, 18 by 60 feet.....$1,300

W. H. Dunbar to Wm. McGinnis, Jr., Dec. 19, 1868; lot on Jackson street, Second ward, Allegheny, 20 by 178 feet, with buildings.....$3,500

Christian Siebert et al. to Peter Keil, Dec. 15, 1868; interest in four lots on Harrison street, Seventeenth ward, 80 by 100 feet.....$1,666

Sheriff Cluley to Mrs. M. A. Ewens, lot in South Pittsburgh.....$50

John Heunweller to Frederick Diedrick, Dec. 28, 1868; lot on the corner of Clymer street and Spring alley, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, 24 by 32 feet.....$1,800

Alex. Cluley to Rev. John O. G. Scanlon, Oct. 16, 1868; parts of lots Nos. 18 and 19, in Mansfield.....$3,000

John Robinson, guardian, to Calvin King, Dec. 5, 1868; lots 97 and 98, in the Seventeenth ward, Ewalt's plan.....$1,300

MORTGAGES.

Same day eleven mortgages were filed.

Allegheny Ward Nominations.

The Republicans of the Fourth ward, Allegheny, at a meeting held on Tuesday evening, suggested the following persons for nomination at the ensuing primary election:

Director of the Poor—John Brown, Jr.

School Directors—(Three to nominate,) William Brown, Joseph Craig, J. D. Thompson, Dr. Thomas Mabon, R. C. Miller and R. B. Francis.

Common Council—(Four to nominate,) R. M. Blair, John Megraw, J. C. Lappe, Hugh McNeill, Louis Moul, W. Schafer, H. W. Behrhorst.

Assessor—James Graham.

Constable—John Wills.

Judge of Election—First precinct, John L. Dawes.

Inspectors—First precinct, William B. Rodgers, Alex. Postly.

Return Inspectors—First precinct, W. H. Faulkner, George Humbert.

Judge of Elections—Second precinct, John Keown.

Inspector—Second precinct, William Bineckie.

Return Inspector—Second precinct, Edwin Miles.

Important Opinion of Attorney General Brewster in Regard to Division of School Districts Within the City.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 17, 1868.

Joseph Hartman, Esq., President of Seventh and Eighth Ward School Board, Pittsburgh:

SIR—The questions you submit will be answered by me with a desire to oblige you and to aid you in the performance of a public duty.

First—The division of the Sixth ward of the city of Pittsburgh into two wards does divide the School district, which previously consisted of that ward.

Second—There will be two Boards of Directors after the first of January, and the buildings will belong to the Directors of the ward in which they are located.

Third—While the buildings are being erected for the Eighth ward, all of the children should continue in the old school building. Public policy requires that the children should not be deprived of the benefits of education, and as the buildings were in part paid for by the residents of the Eighth ward when it was a part of the Sixth, it is but fair that while new buildings are erecting that the children should enjoy the use of them and not be neglected,

This opinion is the result of an examination of Acts of Assembly and of adjudicated law. I am, very respectfully, &c.,

BENJAMIN HARRIS BREWSTER,
Attorney General.

Fleming's Grand Clearance Sale of Furs, Hats and Caps.

The prudent and watchful merchant will never permit himself to carry over from one season to another a stock of goods, as he locks just so much capital away, and, besides, runs the risk of his goods becoming unseasonable. It is for this reason that Mr. Fleming, No. 139 Wood street, who conducts his business throughout on an admirable system, has commenced the grand clearance sale now in progress, in both his wholesale and retail departments, of ladies' and misses' furs, gents' fur caps, collars, gloves, and men and boys' hats and caps. He is determined on getting rid of the immense stock he carries to make room for the transaction of the incoming Spring trade, and has accordingly marked down every article to the least shade above cost. During all the season it has been known that he sold from 15 to 25 per cent. less than contemporaries, and now the advantage is made still greater by a reduction on their prices. The high standing, fairness and business integrity of Mr. Fleming is sufficient to guarantee to the public that this great closing out sale means just what it is advertised, and that unprecedented bargains in first class goods will be offered to visitors. Call and satisfy yourself on that point.

Ho For New Years!

New Year's day, without a large and tempting, good, old fashioned, smiling plum pudding to cap the table, would be shorn of half its glory. Mr. Beaven, the popular candy manufacturer and foreign fruit dealer, No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny, has anticipated this fact and laid in one of the finest stocks of choice raisins ever seen in these parts, being a direct importation. His holiday stock of all the choicest candies, made only from the purest of sugar and syrups, foreign and home manufactured canned fruits, pickled oysters and table condiments generally is very superior, and will commend itself to all the lovers of the delicacies of life. Mr. Beaven has long enjoyed a very high reputation as a caterer of toothsome sweet meats and has secured for himself, through fair and honest dealing, reasonable prices and prime goods, a large share of patronage and the confidence of all classes of the community. We commend him in the strongest terms to the patronage of our readers, knowing that his plan of doing business and his splendid stock of goods will merit the fullest attention.

Young Men's Christian Association.

On next Thursday evening, December 31, by special request, Rev. Jonathan Edwards, D.D., President of Washington and Jefferson Colleges, will deliver an address before the Young Men's Christian Association, in Christ M. E. Church, corner of Penn and Hancock streets, on "The Work of Young Men's Christian Associations," the exercises beginning at 7½ o'clock.

The reputation and ability of the learned divine, and the importance of the subject, will doubtless insure a crowded audience. It is especially desired that all young men, whether members of the Association or not, avail themselves of the opportunity to hear an able discussion of the topic.

New Year's Gifts.

At the popular drug and perfumery house of Burns & Caughey, corner of St. Clair and Penn streets, will be found a very excellent stock of goods suitable for presents to-morrow. The assortment of fine and exquisite perfumeries of all the popular manufacturers, the rich toilette sets, handsome cologne sets, rare puff boxes, beautiful combs, fancy hair brushes, magnificent soaps and the thousand and one articles which enter into the stock, will meet the expectation of gift purchasers. Nowhere else will so elegant an assortment at such reasonable prices be found.

A Suitable Present.—Straw & Morton, agents of the popular Singer Sewing Machine Company for this city, request persons desirous of selecting suitable New Year presents to call in and examine the fine assortment of machines they have on exhibition in their sales rooms, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets. They do not put forward flaming superiorities over all others in use, but simply ask close examination, inquiry and comparison, knowing that the Singer can safely rest on its own merits. Do not fail to call in and examine the stock.

Pursuant to a Resolution of the recent Convention of Colored Men a mass meeting of the friends of freedom is hereby called to assemble in the First Colored Baptist Church, on Friday evening, January 1st, at 7 o'clock; also, at 10½ in the morning, to commemorate the anniversary of the emancipation of four millions of our race by the immortal Lincoln. Revs. H. H. Garnett, S. A. Neale, A. Cole and others will address the meeting. Singing by a number of amateurs. R. B. COULTER, Pastor.

Can it be possible that over Five Million Bottles of PLANTATION BITTERS have been sold during the past year? It is almost incredible, nevertheless it is absolutely true, and is the most convincing proof of their wonderful medical and health-restoring qualities. Every family should be supplied with these Bitters, at whatever cost or trouble it may be to obtain them. Be careful that you get the genuine, and that you are not imposed upon by a spurious article.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

No Humbug—Men wanted to introduce the best *Window Shade Fixture* in the country, just patented. Call at 12 Wood street, on Thursday. *Everybody wants it.*

To-Morrow, set for a photograph at Burke's Gallery, Dispatch Building.

Get a Family Group Picture at Burke's.

Kenwood Boarding School for Boys.—Four vacancies on January 6th. Apply to Rev. J. P. Taylor, New Brighton, Pa. 2w.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Go to Burke's Gallery for your pictures.

Burke's Photographs, 69 Fifth avenue.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT

OF

CATARRH.

STATEMENT OF MR. J. F. DIFFINBACHER,

PUBLISHER

PITTSBURGH RAILROAD GUIDE.

From personal experience, I can most cordially recommend DR. LIGHTHILL'S treatment for the treatment of Catarrh, as being painless, efficacious, and one which is permanently beneficial in its results.

This statement is made for the benefit of those similarly affected, and not by solicitation of DR. LIGHTHILL.

J. F. DIFFINBACHER.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1868.

DR. LIGHTHILL,

296 PENN STREET,

Continues to attend to

ALL DISEASES OF THE EYE,

EAR, THROAT AND LUNGS,

EMBRACING

Chronic Catarrh,

Throat Affections, Bronchial and Pulmonary

DEAFNESS,

Discharges from the Ear, Noises in the Head, Impaired Sight and to all other diseases leading to

CONSUMPTION

and to the destruction or loss of

SIGHT AND HEARING.

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Associatd with Dr. LIGHTHILL, at 296 PENN STREET, can be daily consulted on all maldies arising from an impure and diseased condition of the BLOOD, including all diseases of the

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